# Recombinant Human Cytochrome C/CYCS Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH032336



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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 Species
 Human

 Mol\_Mass
 12.8 kDa

 Accession
 P99999

**Bio-activity** Not validated for activity

#### **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin**  $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu\text{g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.}$ 

Storage Storage Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

**Shipping** This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel

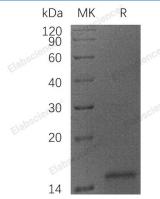
packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 10% Trehalose, 200mM NaCl,

50% Glycerol, 0.05% Tween 80, pH7.0.

**Reconstitution** Not Applicable

#### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

Cytochrome C (CYCS) is a small heme protein that belongs to the cytochrome c family. It is found loosely associated with the inner membrane of the mitochondrion. Cytochrome C is a highly soluble protein that functions as a central component of the electron transport chain in mitochondria. CYCS transfers electrons between Complexes III (Coenzyme Q - Cyt C reductase) and IV (Cyt C oxidase). CYCS plays a role in apoptosis. Suppression of the anti-apoptotic members or activation of the pro-apoptotic members of the Bcl-2 family leads to altered mitochondrial membrane permeability resulting in release of cytochrome c into the cytosol. Binding of Cytochrome C to Apaf-1 triggers the activation of caspase-9, which then accelerates apoptosis by activating other caspases.

### For Research Use Only