STAT1 Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-22201



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Synthetic Peptide of STAT1

Host Mouse IgG **Is otype** Clone 8H11

Purification Protein A purification

Conjugation Unconjugated

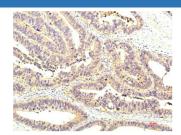
buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer, 0.5% protein

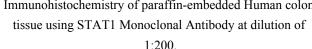
protectant and 50% glycerol.

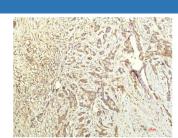
Applications Recommended Dilution

IHC 1:100-200

Data







Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast carcinoma tissue using STAT1 Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

Signal transducer and activator of transcription that mediates signaling by interferons (IFNs). Following type I IFN (IFNalpha and IFN-beta) binding to cell surface receptors, Jak kinases (TYK2 and JAK1) are activated, leading to tyrosine phosphorylation of STAT1 and STAT2. The phosphorylated STATs dimerize, associate with ISGF3G/IRF-9 to form a complex termed ISGF3 transcription factor, that enters the nucleus. ISGF3 binds to the IFN stimulated response element (ISRE) to activate the transcription of interferon stimulated genes, which drive the cell in an antiviral state. In response to type II IFN (IFN-gamma), STAT1 is tyrosine- and serine-phosphorylated. It then forms a homodimer termed IFN-gammaactivated factor (GAF), migrates into the nucleus and binds to the IFN gamma activated sequence (GAS) to drive the expression of the target genes, inducing a cellular antiviral state.

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