A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

SCCPDH Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-19034

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Fusion protein of human SCCPDH

Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG

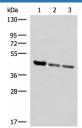
Purification Antigen affinity purification

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

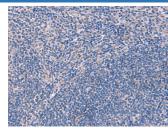
Applications Recommended Dilution

WB 1:1000-1:5000 **IHC** 1:50-1:300

Data

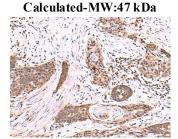


Western blot analysis of Human fetal liver tissue PC-3 and A172 cell lysates using SCCPDH Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using SCCPDH Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:85(×200)

Observed-MW:Refer to figures



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human esophagus cancer tissue using SCCPDH Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:85(×200)

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:www.elabscience.com

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



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SCCPDH (Probable saccharopine dehydrogenase) is a 429 amino acid protein that belongs to the saccharopine dehydrogenase family. The SCCPDH gene is conserved in chimpanzee, dog, cow, mouse, rat, chicken, fruit fly, mosquito and C.elegans, and maps to human chromosome 1q44. Chromosome 1 is the largest human chromosome spanning about 260 million base pairs and making up 8% of the human genome. There are about 3,000 genes on chromosome 1, and considering the great number of genes there are also a large number of diseases associated with chromosome 1. Stickler syndrome, Parkinsons, Gaucher disease and Usher syndrome are also associated with chromosome 1. A breakpoint has been identified in 1q which disrupts the DISC1 gene and is linked to schizophrenia. Aberrations in chromosome 1 are found in a variety of cancers including head and neck cancer, malignant melanoma and multiple myeloma.

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