

## IDH2 Polyclonal Antibody

**catalog number: E-AB-15121**

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

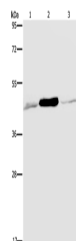
### Description

<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse;Rat
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant protein of human IDH2
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

### Applications

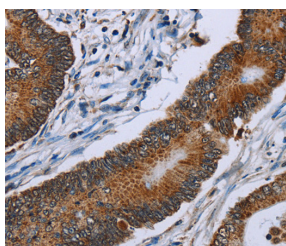
Applications	Recommended Dilution
<b>WB</b>	1:500-1:2000
<b>IHC</b>	1:100-1:300

### Data

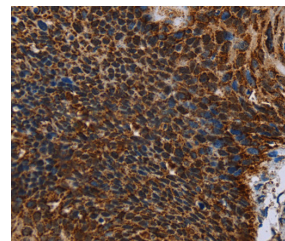


Western Blot analysis of 293T and Jurkat cell, Human fetal muscle tissue using IDH2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:600

**Calculated-MW:51 kDa**



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer using IDH2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer using IDH2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

### Background

### For Research Use Only

Isocitrate dehydrogenases catalyze the oxidative decarboxylation of isocitrate to 2-oxoglutarate. These enzymes belong to two distinct subclasses, one of which utilizes NAD(+) as the electron acceptor and the other NADP(+). Five isocitrate dehydrogenases have been reported: three NAD(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, which localize to the mitochondrial matrix, and two NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenases, one of which is mitochondrial and the other predominantly cytosolic. Each NADP(+)-dependent isozyme is a homodimer. The protein encoded by this gene is the NADP(+)-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase found in the mitochondria. It plays a role in intermediary metabolism and energy production. This protein may tightly associate or interact with the pyruvate dehydrogenase complex. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.

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