#### (FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS !)

Catalog No: E-BC-K771-M Specification: 96T/500Assays Measuring instrument: Microplate reader (450 nm)

# Elabscience<sup>®</sup> Lactate Dehydrogenase (LDH) Cytotoxicity Colorimetric Assay Kit

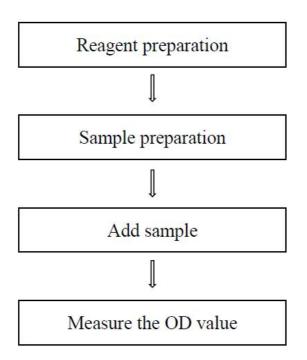
This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product. If you have any problem, please contact our Technical Service Center for help:

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tell: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Email: techsupport@elabscience.com Website: www.elabscience.com

Please kindly provide us the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

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## Intended use

This kit can be used to measure lactate dehydrogenase (LDH) release in cytotoxicity.

### **Detection principle**

Lactate dehydrogenase catalyzes the reaction of lactic acid with NAD+ to produce pyruvic acid and NADH. NADH, under the action of PMS, transfer electrons to WST-8 to produce the yellow product, which has a characteristic absorption peak at 450 nm. Therefore, LDH activity can be quantified by measure the OD value at 450 nm.

Item	Component	Size 1 (96 T)	Size 2 (500 Assays)	Storage
Reagent 1	Lysis Solution	$2 \text{ mL} \times 1 \text{ vial}$	$10 \text{ mL} \times 1 \text{ vial}$	-20°C, 12 months
Reagent 2	Substrate	1.5 mL × 2 vials	15 mL × 1 vial	-20°C, 12 months, shading light
Reagent 3	Chromogenic Agent	$1.5 \text{ mL} \times 2 \text{ vials}$	$15 \text{ mL} \times 1 \text{ vial}$	-20°C, 12 months, shading light
Reagent 4	Stop Solution	$1.5 \text{ mL} \times 2 \text{ vials}$	$15 \text{ mL} \times 1 \text{ vial}$	-20°C, 12 months
	Microplate	96 wells	/	No requirement
	Plate Sealer	2 pieces		

Kit components & storage

Note: The reagents must be stored strictly according to the preservation conditions in the above table. The reagents in different kits cannot be mixed with each other. For a small volume of reagents, please centrifuge before use, so as not to obtain sufficient amount of reagents.

## Materials prepared by users

#### **Instruments:**

Microplate centrifuge, Micropipettor, Water bath, Microplate reader (450 nm)

### **Reagents:**

Double distilled water

## **Reagent preparation**

- Equilibrate all reagents to room temperature before use. Preheat stop solution at 37°C for 20 min in advance and can be used only after it is completely clarified.
- (2) Preparation of reaction working solution: For each well, prepare 50 µL of reaction working solution (mix well 25 µL of substrate, 25 µL of chromogenic agent). The reaction working solution should be prepared on spot and stored protected from light.

## The key points of the assay

- 1 According to the actual requirements, set different types of control wells.
- 2 The cells must be alive.
- ③ There should be no bubbles in the wells of the microplate when measuring the OD value.

## **Operating steps**

The preparation of sample

 96-well cell culture plates are added according to the following categories (each category with at least triplicate wells) : Blank wells: 100 μL of culture medium with no cells (It is recommended to use low-serum containing 1% serum or serum-free medium); Sample control wells: 100 μL of cells for detection (with 5-10×10^3 cells); High control wells: 100 μL of cells for detection (with 5-10×10^3 cells); Sample wells: 100 μL of cells for detection (with 5-10×10^3 cells);

- 2 Incubate cells for 24 h in an incubator (5% CO<sub>2</sub>, 100% humidity, 37°C).
- (3) Add 10  $\mu$ L of culture medium into blank wells and sample control wells; Add 10  $\mu$ L of drug stimulation with different concentrations into sample wells.
- ④ Incubate cells in an incubator (5% CO<sub>2</sub>, 100% humidity, 37°C) (The incubation condition and time can be decreased or increased depend on the different cell).
- (5) Take out 96-well cell culture plates from the cell incubator before 1 h at the end of culture, add 10  $\mu$ L of lysis solution into the high control wells , and beaten and mixed repeatedly.
- (6) Incubate cells for 1 h in an incubator (5% CO<sub>2</sub>, 100% humidity, 37°C).
- ⑦ Centrifuge cells at 400×g for 5 min in the microplate centrifuge and take the supernatant for detection.
- Note: If there is no microplate centrifuge, the cells can be transferred to the EP tube and centrifuged by ordinary centrifuge.

The measurement of sample

- Prepare microplate and take 50 µL of supernatant into the corresponding blank, sample control, high control and sample wells.
- (2) Add 50  $\mu$ L of reaction working solution to each well and mix fully for 5 s with

microplate reader.

- ③ Incubate at 37°C for 10 min (The reaction time can be decreased or increased depend on the color development. The plate can be read at multiple time points until the desired reading is observed. The OD value of high control should be < 2.0, while the OD value of sample control should be < 0.8).</p>
- (4) Add 20  $\mu$ L of stop solution to each well, mix and stop the reaction.
- (5) Measure the OD values of each well at 450 nm with microplate reader. The reference wavelength should be 600 nm, which deducted is the required effective OD value.

### Calculation

Cytotoxicity (%) =  $(A_2 - A_1) \div (A_3 - A_1) \times 100\%$ 

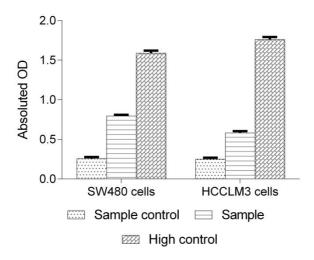
#### [Note]

- A1: OD value of sample control well -OD value of blank well.
- A2: OD value of sample well -OD value of blank well.
- A3: OD value of high control well -OD value of blank well.

## **Appendix I Example Analysis**

## Example analysis:

Detect SW480 cells and HCCLM3 cells (the concentration of protein is 4.40 gprot/L) according to the protocol, the result is as follows:



#### Statement

- 1. This assay kit is for Research Use Only. We will not response for any arising problems or legal responsibilities causing by using the kit for clinical diagnosis or other purpose.
- 2. Please read the instructions carefully and adjust the instruments before the experiments. Please follow the instructions strictly during the experiments.
- 3. Protection methods must be taken by wearing lab coat and latex gloves.
- 4. If the concentration of substance is not within the detection range exactly, an extra dilution or concentration should be taken for the sample.
- 5. It is recommended to take a pre-test if your sample is not listed in the instruction book.
- 6. The experimental results are closely related to the situation of reagents, operations, environment and so on. Elabscience will guarantee the quality of the kits only, and NOT be responsible for the sample consumption caused by using the assay kits. It is better to calculate the possible usage of sample and reserve sufficient samples before use.