

## Recombinant Human ATG10 Protein (His&T7 Tag)

**Catalog Number:** PKSH032097

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

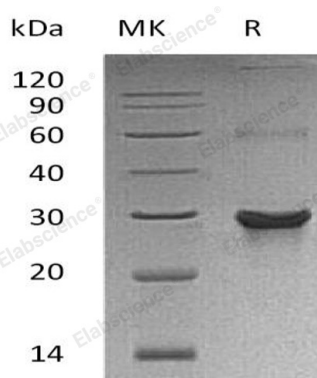
### Description

<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Source</b>	E.coli-derived Human ATG10 protein Met 1-Thr190, with an N-terminal T7 & C-terminal His
<b>Mol_Mass</b>	24.5 kDa
<b>Accession</b>	Q9H0Y0
<b>Bio-activity</b>	Not validated for activity

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < -20°C.
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 8% Sucrose, 20% Glycerol, 0.02% Tween 80, 3mM TCEP, pH 8.5.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Not Applicable

### Data



> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### Background

Ubiquitin-Like-Conjugating Enzyme ATG10 (ATG10) is a ubiquitous 28kDa member of the ATG10 family protein. ATG10 acts as an E2-like enzyme, catalyzes the transfer of ATG12 to ATG5 during in the initial stages of autophagosome formation. The heterodimer of ATG5 and ATG12 subsequently associates non-covalently with an ATG16 multimer to generate an autophagosome. ATG10 plays a role in the conjugation of ATG12 to ATG5 by interaction with MAP1LC3A. In addition, ATG10 can directly interact with ATG5 or ATG7.

### For Research Use Only