Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

MRPL42 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-19123

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Rat

Immunogen Fusion protein of human MRPL42

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

Purification Antigen affinity purification

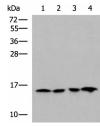
Conjugation Unconjugated

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

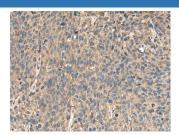
Applications Recommended Dilution

WB 1:1000-1:5000 **IHC** 1:50-1:200

Data

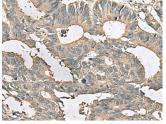


Western blot analysis of Jurkat HepG2 Hela and Raji cell lysates using MRPL42 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:800



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue using MRPL42 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:65(×200)

Observed-MV:Refer to figures Calculated-MV:17 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using MRPL42 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:65(×200)

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

Web: www.elabscience.cn

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

Tel: 400-999-2100

Elabscience®

Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Mammalian mitochondrial ribosomal proteins are encoded by nuclear genes and help in protein synthesis within the mitochondrion. Mitochondrial ribosomes (mitoribosomes) consist of a small 28S subunit and a large 39S subunit. They have an estimated 75% protein to rRNA composition compared to prokaryotic ribosomes, where this ratio is reversed. Another difference between mammalian mitoribosomes and prokaryotic ribosomes is that the latter contain a 5S rRNA. Among different species, the proteins comprising the mitoribosome differ greatly in sequence, and sometimes in biochemical properties, which prevents easy recognition by sequence homology. This gene encodes a protein identified as belonging to both the 28S and the 39S subunits. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Pseudogenes corresponding to this gene are found on chromosomes 4q, 6p, 6q, 7p, and 15q.

Web: www.elabscience.cn

For Research Use Only

Tel: 400-999-2100