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# Recombinant Cynomolgus Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 15/Siglec-15/CD33L3 (C-Fc)

Catalog Number: PKSQ050112

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

# Description

**Species** Cynomolgus macaques

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Cynomolgus macaques Siglec-15/CD33L3 protein Phe20-Thr26

3, with an C-terminal Fc

 Calculated MW
 53.1 kDa

 Observed MW
 55-70 kDa

 Accession
 A0A2K5UY47

Bio-activity Loaded Anti-Human Siglec 15 mAb-mFc on AMQ Biosensor, can bind Cynomolgus

Siglec-15-Fc with an affinity constant of 0.16 nM as determined in BLI assay.

### **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 50mM Tris-HCl, 100mM Glycine,

150mM NaCl, pH 7.5.

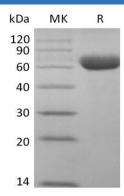
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

#### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# Background

#### For Research Use Only

# **Elabscience Bionovation Inc.**

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Siglec-15 is a transmembrane glycoprotein in the Siglec family. Siglecs are type I transmembrane proteins where the NH3 +-terminus is in the extracellular space and the COO--terminus is cytosolic. Each Siglec contains an N-terminal V-type immunoglobulin domain (Ig domain) which acts as the binding receptor for sialic acid. These lectins are placed into the group of I-type lectins because the lectin domain is an immunoglobulin fold. All Siglecs are extended from the cell surface by C2-type Ig domains which have no binding activity. Siglecs differ in the number of these C2-type domains. Siglec-15 function is important for osteoclast formation and TRANCE/RANK Ligand signaling in osteoclasts.

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