

Recombinant Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys12) Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: AN301411L

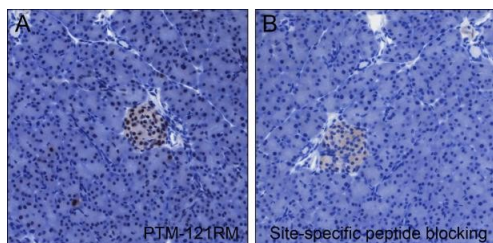
Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

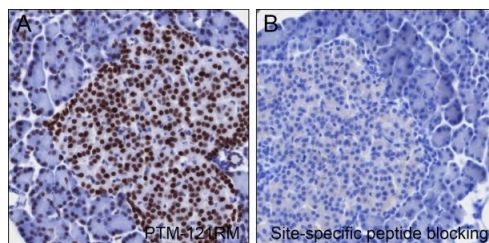
Reactivity	Human;Rat;Mouse
Immunogen	Acetylated human histone H4 (Lys 12) peptide
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG, κ
Clone	A106
Purification	Protein A purified
Buffer	PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05% protein protectant.

Applications Recommended Dilution

WB	1:500-1:1000
IHC	1:50-1:200



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Mouse pancreas using Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys12) Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Rat pancreas using Histone H4 (Acetyl Lys12) Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Shipping	Ice bag

Background

Histone post-translational modifications (PTMs), known as the “histone code”, are key mechanisms of epigenetics that modulate chromatin structures. The PTMs on histone including acetylation, methylation, phosphorylation, and novel acylations directly affect the accessibility of chromatin to transcription factors and other epigenetic regulators, altering genome stability and gene transcription. Histone acetylation, tightly controlled by the opposing action of histone acetyltransferases (HATs) and histone deacetylases (HDACs), occurs primarily at lysine residues on the N-terminal tails of histones H2A (Lys5, 9, and 15), H2B (Lys5, 12, 15, 16, and 20), H3 (Lys4, 9, 14, 18, 23, 27, and 36), and H4 (Lys5, 8, 12, 16, and 20), and plays vital roles in the regulation of gene expression, DNA damage repair, chromatin dynamics, etc.

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Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623
Web: www.elabscience.com

Tel: 1-832-243-6086
Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Fax: 1-832-243-6017

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