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# Recombinant Human CD155/PVR Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH031869

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Description**

Species Human

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Human CD155/PVR protein Met 1-Asn 343, with an C-terminal

hFc

 Calculated MW
 61.8 kDa

 Observed MW
 95-105 kDa

 Accession
 NP 006496.3

**Bio-activity** Immobilized human DNAM1 at 2 μg/ml (100 μl/well) can bind human CD155-Fc with

a linear ranger of 0.032-0.8 µg/ml.

## **Properties**

**Purity** > 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

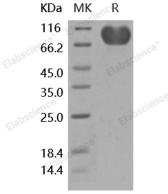
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

# Data



> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# Background

## For Research Use Only

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#### **Elabscience Bionovation Inc.**

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CD155; commonly known as PVR (poliovirus receptor) and Necl-5 (nectin-like molecule-5); is a type I transmembrane single-span glycoprotein; and belongs to the nectins and nectin-like (Necl) subfamily. CD155 was originally identified based on its ability to mediate the cell attachment and entry of poliovirus (PV); an etiologic agent of the central nervous system disease poliomyelitis. The normal cellular function is in the establishment of intercellular adherens junctions between epithelial cells. CD155 may assist in an efficient humoral immune response generated within the intestinal immune system. It has been demonstrated that CD155 can be recognized and bond by DNAM-1 and CD96 which promote the adhension; migration and NK-cell killing; and thus efficiently prime cell-mediated tumor-specific immunity.

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:www.elabscience.com Fax: 1-832-243-6017