

## APC Anti-Mouse CD66A Antibody[Mab-CC1]

Catalog Number: AN00328E

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

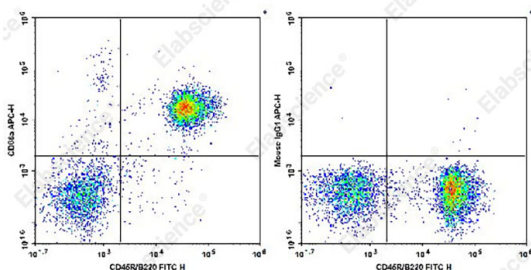
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG1, $\kappa$
Clone No.	Mab-CC1
Isotype Control	APC Mouse IgG1, $\kappa$ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792E]
Conjugation	APC
Conjugation Information	APC is designed to be excited by the Red (627-640 nm) laser and detected using an optical filter centered near 660 nm (e.g., a 660/20 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.

### Applications

### Recommended usage

FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. <b>The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 <math>\mu</math>L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 <math>\mu</math>L staining volume or per 100 <math>\mu</math>L of whole blood).</b> Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.
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### Data



Staining of C57BL/6 murine splenocytes cells with FITC Anti-Mouse CD45R/B220 Antibody and APC Anti-Mouse CD66A Antibody[Mab-CC1](left) or APC Mouse IgG1,  $\kappa$  (right). Total viable cells were used for analysis.

### Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

### Antigen Information

Alternate Names	CEACAM1a;Bgp
Uniprot ID	P31809
Gene ID	26365

### For Research Use Only

## Background

CD66a, known as CEACAM1a, carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecule 1a, is a glycoprotein of the immunoglobulin superfamily and the carcinoembryonic antigen family. Isoforms expressing either two or four alternatively spliced Ig-like domains in mice have been found in a number of epithelial, endothelial, or hematopoietic tissues. CEACAM1a functions as an intercellular adhesion molecule, an angiogenic factor, and a tumor cell growth inhibitor. It also serves as a signal regulatory protein influencing B cell receptor complex-mediated activation. The mouse and human CEACAM1a proteins are targets of viral or bacterial pathogens, respectively. It was reported that targeted disruption of the CEACAM1a gene resulting in a partial ablation of the protein in mice led to reduced susceptibility to virus infection. The antibody recognizes the N-terminal domain of murine CEACAM1a, it does not recognize murine CEACAM1b, an allele in SJL mice.

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