## **Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.**



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

# **LMNB1 Polyclonal Antibody**

catalog number: E-AB-18237

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Fusion protein of human LMNB1

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

**Purification** Antigen affinity purification

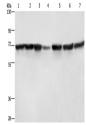
**Conjugation** Unconjugated

**Buffer** Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

## Applications Recommended Dilution

**WB** 1:1000-1:5000 **IHC** 1:100-1:300

## Data

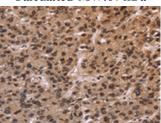


Western blot analysis of Hela cells HT29 cells human fetal liver tissue Human testis tissue 231 cells K562 cells human bladder transitional cell carcinoma tissue using LMNB1

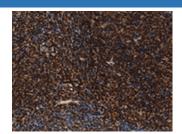
Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:750

## Observed-MW:Refer to figures

Calculated-MW:67 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using LMNB1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using LMNB1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60(×200)

## Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

**Shipping** The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

### Background

#### For Research Use Only

Tel: 400-999-2100 Web: www.elabscience.cn Email:techsupport@elabscience.cn



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The nuclear lamina consists of a two-dimensional matrix of proteins located next to the inner nuclear membrane. The lamin family of proteins make up the matrix and are highly conserved in evolution. During mitosis, the lamina matrix is reversibly disassembled as the lamin proteins are phosphorylated. Lamin proteins are thought to be involved in nuclear stability, chromatin structure and gene expression. Vertebrate lamins consist of two types, A and B. This gene encodes one of the two B type proteins, B1. Alternative splicing results in transcript variants and a duplication of this gene is associated with autosomal dominant adult-onset leukodystrophy (ADLD).

Web: www.elabscience.cn