A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant Human B7 Homolog 4/B7-H4/VTCN1 (C-Fc-Avi) Biotinylated

Catalog Number: PKSH033983

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Species Human

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Human B7-H4; VTCN1 protein Phe29-Ala258, with an C-terminal

Fc & Avi

Calculated MW 54.1 kDa
Observed MW 70-95 kDa
Accession Q7Z7D3

Bio-activity Immobilized Anti-Human B7-H4 mAb at 2μg/ml (100 μl/well) can bind Biotinylated

Human B7-H4-Fc-Avi. The ED₅₀ of Biotinylated Human B7-H4-Fc-Avi is 0.23 ng/ml.

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu\text{g}$ of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

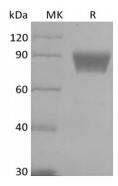
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

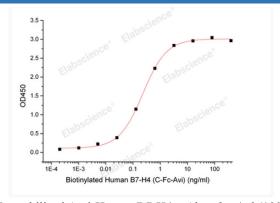
Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.



Immobilized Anti-Human B7-H4 mAb at 2μg/ml (100 μl/well) can bind Biotinylated Human B7-H4-Fc-Avi. The ED50 of Biotinylated Human B7-H4-Fc-Avi is 0.23 ng/ml.

Background

Elabscience®

Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

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B7 Homolog 4 (B7-H4) is glycosylated member of the B7 family of immune costimulatory proteins. Mature human B7-H4 consists of a 235 amino acid (aa) extracellular domain (ECD) with two Ig-like V-type domains, a 21 aa transmembrane segment, and a 2 aa cytoplasmic tail. It is widely expressed, including in kidney, liver, lung, pancreas, placenta, prostate, spleen, testis and thymus. B7-H4 negatively regulates T-cell-mediated immune response by inhibiting T-cell activation, proliferation, cytokine production and development of cytotoxicity. When expressed on the cell surface of tumor macrophages, plays an important role, together with regulatory T-cells (Treg), in the suppression of tumor-associated antigen-specific T-cell immunity. It also involved in promoting epithelial cell transformation.