

# PAPSS2 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-52992

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## Description

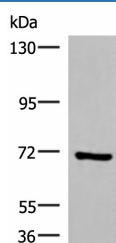
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human;Mouse
<b>Immunogen</b>	Fusion protein of human PAPSS2
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen affinity purification
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

## Applications

## Recommended Dilution

<b>WB</b>	1:1000-1:5000
<b>IHC</b>	1:80-1:400

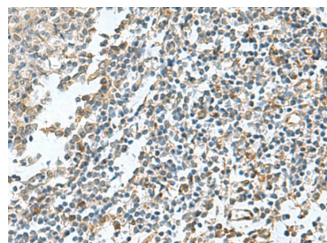
## Data



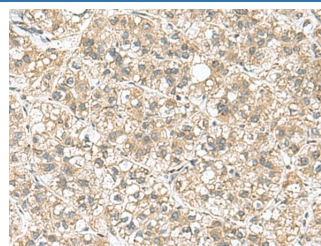
Western blot analysis of HepG2 cell lysate using PAPSS2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000

**Observed-MV: Refer to figures**

**Calculated-MV: 70 kDa**



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using PAPSS2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:95 (x200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using PAPSS2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:95 (x200)

## Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

## Background

Sulfation is a common modification of endogenous (lipids, proteins, and carbohydrates) and exogenous (xenobiotics and drugs) compounds. In mammals, the sulfate source is 3'-phosphoadenosine 5'-phosphosulfate (PAPS), created from ATP and inorganic sulfate. Two different tissue isoforms encoded by different genes synthesize PAPS. This gene encodes one of the two PAPS synthetases. Defects in this gene cause the Pakistani type of spondyloepimetaphyseal dysplasia. Two alternatively spliced transcript variants that encode different isoforms have been described for this gene.

## For Research Use Only