## **Elabscience**®

### Recombinant Mouse BMP-4 protein(His Tag)

### Catalog Number: PKSM041491

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description		
Species	Mouse	
Source	E.coli-derived Mouse BMP-4 protein Lys 303-Arg 408, with an C-terminal His	
Calculated MW	12.9 kDa	
Observed MW	11-17 kDa	
Accession	P21275	
<b>Bio-activity</b>	Measure by its ability to induce alkaline phosphatase production by ATDC5 cells. The	
	$ED_{50}$ for this effect is <10 ng/mL. The specific activity of recombinant mouse BMP-4	
	$is > 1 \times 10^5 $ IU/mg.	
Properties		
Purity	> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.	
Endotoxin	< 0.1 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.	
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80	
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of	
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.	
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.	
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile 20 mM sodium carbonate, pH 4.5.	
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants	
	before lyophilization.	
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.	
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.	
Data		

#### Data

kDa		
75- 63-		
48-		
35-	•	
25-		
17- 11-	_	

> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

# **Elabscience**®

Growth factor of the TGF-beta superfamily that plays essential roles in many developmental processes, including neurogenesis, vascular development, angiogenesis and osteogenesis. Acts in concert with PTHLH/PTHRP to stimulate ductal outgrowth during embryonic mammary development and to inhibit hair follicle induction. Initiates the canonical BMP signaling cascade by associating with type I receptor BMPR1A and type II receptor BMPR2. Once all three components are bound together in a complex at the cell surface, BMPR2 phosphorylates and activates BMPR1A. In turn, BMPR1A propagates signal by phosphorylating SMAD1/5/8 that travel to the nucleus and act as activators and repressors of transcription of target genes. Can also signal through non-canonical BMP pathways such as ERK/MAP kinase, PI3K/Akt or SRC cascades. For example, induces SRC phosphorylation which, in turn, activates VEGFR2, leading to an angiogenic response.