

PE/Elab Fluor® 594 Anti-Rat CD3 Antibody[G4.18]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1228P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity	Rat
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG3, κ
Clone No.	G4.18
Isotype Control	PE/Elab Fluor® 594 Mouse IgG3, κ Isotype Control[A112-3] [Product E-AB-F09752P]
Conjugation	PE/Elab Fluor® 594
Conjugation Information	PE/Elab Fluor® 594 is designed to be excited by the blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 620 nm (e.g., a 610/20 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

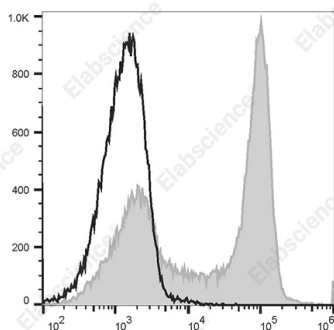
Applications

Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Rat splenocytes are stained with PE/Elab Fluor® 594 Anti-Rat CD3 Antibody[G4.18] (filled gray histogram) or PE/Elab

Fluor® 594 Mouse IgG3, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 δ;γ;ε;and ζ chains;CD3 Complex;T3;CD3
Uniprot ID	P19377;Q64159;D4A5M2
Gene ID	25710,300678,315609,25300

For Research Use Only

Background

CD3 is a complex composed of δ , γ , ϵ , and ζ chains. They are 20-25 kD members of the immunoglobulin superfamily and associated with the T cell receptor (TCR). CD3 is expressed on thymocytes, peripheral T cells, some NK-T cells, and dendritic epidermal T cells. CD3 is involved in antigen recognition, signal transduction, and T cell activation