# **Elabscience**®

### Mouse IL-12 Antibody Pair SetSet

Catalog No.	E-KAB-0081	Applications	ELISA
Synonyms	IL12, IL-12 p70, IL12 p70		

#### **Kit components & Storage**

Title	Specifications	Storage
Mouse IL-12 Capture Antibody	1 vial, 100 µ g	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze/thaw
		cycles.
Mouse IL-12 Detection Antibody (Biotin)	1 vial, 50 μL	Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze/thaw
		cycles.

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Product Information**

Items		Characteristic (E-KAB-0081)	
		Mouse IL-12 Capture Antibody	Mouse IL-12 Detection Antibody (Biotin)
Immunogen	Immunogen	Recombinant Mouse IL-12 protein	Recombinant Mouse IL-12 protein
Information	Swissprot	P43432	
Product details	Reactivity	Mouse	Mouse
	Host	Rat	Goat
	Conjugation	Unconjugated	Biotin
	Concentration	0.5 mg/mL	/
	Buffer	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300, 50%	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300; 1%
		glycerol, pH 7.4	protective protein; 50% glycerol; pH
			7.4
	Purify	Protein A or G	Protein A or G
	Specificity	Detects Mouse IL-12 in ELISAs.	

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#### Applications

Mouse IL-12 Sandwich ELISA Assay:

	Recommended	Reagent	Images
	Concentration/Dilution		
ELISA	0.5-4 μg/mL	Mouse IL-12 Capture Antibody	10 -
Capture			
			dist.
			Optical Density
ELISA	1:1000-1:10000	Mouse IL-12 Detection Antibody	
Detection		(Biotin)	
			Mouse IL-12 concentration(pg/mL)

Note: This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay!

#### Background

Heterodimerizes with IL12B to form the IL-12 cytokine or with EBI3/IL27B to form the IL-35 cytokine. IL-12 is primarily produced by professional antigen-presenting cells (APCs) such as B-cells and dendritic cells (DCs) as well as macrophages and granulocytes and regulates T-cell and natural killer-cell responses, induces the production of interferon-gamma (IFN-gamma), favors the differentiation of T-helper 1 (Th1) cells and is an important link between innate resistance and adaptive immunity. Mechanistically, exerts its biological effects through a receptor composed of IL12R1 and IL12R2 subunits. Binding to the receptor results in the rapid tyrosine phosphorylation of a number of cellular substrates including the JAK family kinases TYK2 and JAK2. In turn, recruited STAT4 gets phosphorylated and translocates to the nucleus where it regulates cytokine/growth factor responsive genes. As part of IL-35, plays essential roles in maintaining the immune homeostasis of the liver microenvironment and functions also as an immune-suppressive cytokine. Mediates biological events through unconventional receptors composed of IL12RB2 and gp130/IL6ST heterodimers or homodimers. Signaling requires the transcription factors STAT1 and STAT4, which form a unique heterodimer that binds to distinct DNA sites.