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## Recombinant Mouse Folate Binding Protein/FBP Protein(Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PDMM100112

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### Description

**Species** Mouse

Source Mammalian-derived Mouse Folr1 proteins Thr25-Ser232, with an C-terminal Fc

 Calculated MW
 47.8 kDa

 Observed MW
 55-60 kDa

 Accession
 P35846

Bio-activity Not validated for activity

#### **Properties**

**Purity** > 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -

80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

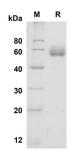
ShippingThis product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.FormulationLyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%

Mannitol.

**Reconstitution** It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution

of 0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

#### Data



SDS-PAGE analysis of Mouse Folate Binding protein/FBP proteins, 2 µg/lane of Recombinant Mouse Folate Binding protein/FBP proteins was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, showing bands at 47.8 kDa.

### **Background**

For Research Use Only

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The protein encoded by FOLR1 gene is a member of the folate receptor family. Members of this gene family bind folic acid and its reduced derivatives, and transport 5-methyltetrahydrofolate into cells. This gene product is a secreted protein that either anchors to membranes via a glycosyl-phosphatidylinositol linkage or exists in a soluble form. Mutations in this gene have been associated with neurodegeneration due to cerebral folate transport deficiency. Due to the presence of two promoters, multiple transcription start sites, and alternative splicing, multiple transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.

Folate receptor  $\alpha$  (FR $\alpha$ ) is the most important subunit of Folate receptor and the alpha isoform has been shown to be selectively overexpressed in cancer types like breast and ovarian cancer compared to normal breast and ovarian epithelial cells. It was determined that Folate receptor  $\alpha$  exhibits a limited expression on the apical surfaces of the epithelial cells of normal lung, breast, thyroid, parathyroid, and kidney tissues. For their uptake of folate, normal cells rely almost exclusively on the reduced folate carrier, whereas many carcinomas and myeloid leukemia cells overexpress a high-affinity FR on their surfaces, perhaps reflecting their increased need for folate to support rapid cell division.

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