

## Recombinant Human PPT1 Protein (His Tag)

**Catalog Number: PKSH032848**

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

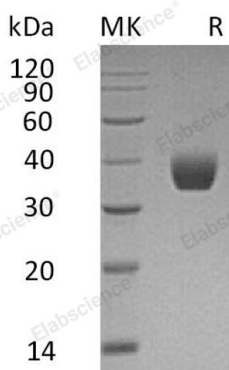
### Description

<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Source</b>	HEK293 Cells-derived Human PPT1 protein Asp28-Gly306, with an C-terminal His
<b>Calculated MW</b>	32.3 kDa
<b>Observed MW</b>	34-41 kDa
<b>Accession</b>	P50897
<b>Bio-activity</b>	Not validated for activity

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Concentration</b>	Subject to label value.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.
<b>Formulation</b>	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 10% Glycerol, pH 7.5.

### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### Background

Palmitoyl-protein thioesterase 1 (PPT-1 for short), also known as Palmitoyl-protein hydrolase 1, belongs to the palmitoyl-protein thioesterase family. It is a small glycoprotein involved in the catabolism of lipid-modified proteins during lysosomal degradation. This enzyme removes thioester-linked fatty acyl groups such as palmitate from modified cysteine residues in proteins or peptides during lysosomal degradation. Defects in PPT1 are the cause of neuronal ceroid lipofuscinosis type 1.