

## Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Human CD134/OX40 Antibody[Ber-ACT35]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1153M1

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG1, κ
<b>Clone No.</b>	Ber-ACT35
<b>Isotype Control</b>	Elab Fluor® 700 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792M1]
<b>Conjugation</b>	Elab Fluor® 700
<b>Conjugation Information</b>	Elab Fluor® 700 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 719 nm (e.g., a 725/40 nm bandpass filter).
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

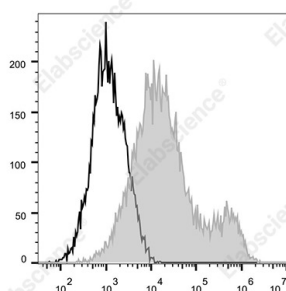
### Applications

### Recommended usage

#### FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

### Data



Staining of the 293T cells transfected with pcDNA3.1 plasmid encoding Human CD134/OX40 gene with Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Human CD134/OX40 Antibody[Ber-ACT35](filled gray histogram) or Elab Fluor® 700 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control(empty black histogram). Total viable cells were used for analysis.

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bag

### Antigen Information

<b>Alternate Names</b>	ACT35 antigen;CD134;OX40L receptor;TNFRSF4;TXGP1L;OX40
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	P43489

### For Research Use Only

**Gene ID**

7293

**Background**

CD134, also known as OX40 and TNFRSF4, is a 50 kD type I transmembrane glycoprotein. It is a member of the TNF receptor family. OX40 is expressed on activated T lymphocytes including Th1, Th2, Th17, and Treg cells. The interaction of OX40 with OX40L results in B cell proliferation and antibody secretion, regulation of primary T cell expansion, and T cell survival. OX40 influences the size of the T cell memory pool and regulation of CD4+ T cell tolerance.