A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant Mouse IGF-II protein(His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM041521

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Species Mouse

Source E.coli-derived Mouse IGF-II protein Ala 25-Glu 91, with an N-terminal His

Calculated MW 8.2 kDa
Observed MW 11 kDa
Accession P09535

Bio-activity Measure by its ability to induce MCF-7 cells proliferation. The ED₅₀ for this effect is

<6 ng/mL. The specific activity of recombinant mouse IGF-II is $> 1.5 \times 10^5$ IU/mg.

Properties

Purity > 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin $< 0.1 \text{ EU per } \mu \text{g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.}$

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile PBS,pH 8.0.

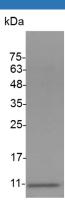
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Elabscience®

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Insulin-like growth factor I (also known as somatomedin C and somatomedin A) and insulin-like growth factor II (multiplication stimulating activity or MSA) belong to the family of insulin-like growth factors that are structurally homologous to proinsulin. Mature IGF-I and IGF-II share approximately 70% sequence identity. Both IGF-I and IGF-II are expressed in many tissues and cell types and may have autocrine, paracrine and endocrine functions. Mature IGF-I and IGF-II are highly conserved (100% identity between human, bovine and porcine proteins) and exhibit cross-species activity.

IGF-II is a potent mitogenic growth factor. However, unlike IGF-I which has important postnatal roles, the growth-promoting function of IGF-II is limited to embryonic development.