Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.



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ATP5I Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-18027

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Synthetic peptide of human ATP5I

Host Rabbit Is otype **IgG**

Purification Antigen affinity purification

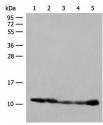
Conjugation Unconjugated

Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

Applications Recommended Dilution

1:500-1:2000 WB 1:50-1:300 IHC

Data

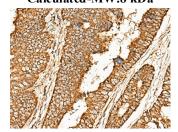


Western blot analysis of 293T cell PC-3 cell Human liver tissue lysates using ATP5I Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of cervical cancer tissue using ATP5I Polyclonal Antibody at 1:400



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human dilution of $1:65(\times 200)$

Observed-MW:Refer to figures Calculated-MW:8 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using ATP5I Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of $1:65(\times 200)$

Preparation & Storage

Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Storage

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

Tel: 400-999-2100 Web: www.elabscience.cn

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Mitochondrial ATP synthase catalyzes ATP synthesis, utilizing an electrochemical gradient of protons across the inner membrane during oxidative phosphorylation. It is composed of two linked multi-subunit complexes: the soluble catalytic core, F1, and the membrane-spanning component, Fo, which comprises the proton channel. The F1 complex consists of 5 different subunits (alpha, beta, gamma, delta, and epsilon) assembled in a ratio of 3 alpha, 3 beta, and a single representative of the other 3. The Fo seems to have nine subunits (a, b, c, d, e, f, g, F6 and 8). This gene encodes the e subunit of the Fo complex. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. ATP5I (ATP Synthase, H+ Transporting, Mitochondrial Fo Complex Subunit E) is a Protein Coding gene. Among its related pathways are Respiratory electron transport, ATP synthesis by chemiosmotic coupling, and heat production by uncoupling proteins. and purine nucleotides de novo biosynthesis. GO annotations related to this gene include ATPase activity and hydrogen ion transmembrane transporter activity.

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