

## Purified Anti-Human CD19 Antibody[CB19]

catalog number: E-AB-F10040P

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### Description

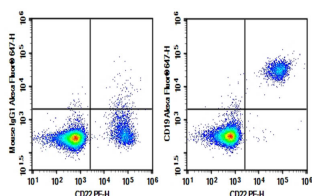
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant Human CD19 protein
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG1,κ
<b>Clone</b>	CB19
<b>Purification</b>	>98%, Protein A/Gpurified
<b>Buffer</b>	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% non-protein stabilizer. Dialyze to completely remove the stabilizer prior to labeling.

### Applications

### Recommended Dilution

<b>FCM</b>	2 µg/mL( $1 \times 10^5$ - $5 \times 10^5$ cells)
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### Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with 0.2 µg Purified Anti-Human CD19 Antibody[CB19] (Right) and 0.2 µg Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (Left), followed by Alexa Fluor® 647-conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody, then anti-Human CD22 PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody.

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bag

### Background

CD19 protein is a 95 kDa transmembrane glycoprotein that plays a central role in B cell activation and humoral immune responses. CD19 is expressed throughout B cell development from pre-B cells through mature B cells, and it is commonly used as a B cell lineage marker. It is required for the responsiveness of mature B cell to antigen stimulation, germinal center development, and antibody affinity maturation. The CD19 protein associates with the B cell antigen receptor (BCR), CD81, CD38, CD21, CD22, and IFITM1/CD225/Leu13. These associations enable CD19 to amplify B cell signaling and reduce the threshold for antigen stimulation through the BCR.

### For Research Use Only