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Recombinant Bovine FGG/Fibrinogen gamma chain protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDEB100012

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Species Bovine

Source E.coli-derived Bovine FGG protein Tyr25-Asp444, with an N-terminal His

Calculated MW 46.1 kDa
Observed MW 40-50 kDa
Accession P12799

Bio-activity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

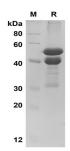
ShippingThis product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.FormulationLyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%

Mannitol.

Reconstitution It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of

0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

Data



SDS-PAGE analysis of Bovine FGG/Fibrinogen gamma chain proteins, 2µg/lane of Recombinant Bovine FGG/Fibrinogen gamma chain proteins was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, showing bands at 40-50 kDa KD.

Background

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.

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Together with fibrinogen alpha (FGA) and fibrinogen beta (FGB), polymerizes to form an insoluble fibrin matrix. Has a major function in hemostasis as one of the primary components of blood clots. In addition, functions during the early stages of wound repair to stabilize the lesion and guide cell migration during re-epithelialization. Was originally thought to be essential for platelet aggregation, based on in vitro studies using anticoagulated blood. However, subsequent studies have shown that it is not absolutely required for thrombus formation in vivo. Enhances expression of SELP in activated platelets via an ITGB3-dependent pathway. Maternal fibrinogen is essential for successful pregnancy. Fibrin deposition is also associated with infection, where it protects against IFNG-mediated hemorrhage. May also facilitate the antibacterial immune response via both innate and T-cell mediated pathways.

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