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Recombinant Mouse bFGF/FGF2 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDEM100280

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Species Mouse

Source E.coli-derived Mouse bFGF protein Pro10-Ser154, with an N-terminal His

Calculated MW Observed MW 18 kDa P15655 Accession

Not validated for activity **Bio-activity**

Properties

> 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. **Purity**

Endotoxin < 10 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -Storage

80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

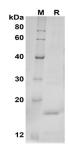
reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5% **Formulation**

Reconstitution It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution

of 0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.

Data



SDS-PAGE analysis of Mouse bFGF/FGF2 proteins, 2 μg/lane of Recombinant Mouse bFGF/FGF2 proteins was resolved with SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, showing bands at 18 kDa.

Background

For Research Use Only

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FGF basic is one of 22 mitogenic proteins of the FGF family, which show 35-60% amino acid conservation. Unlike other FGFs, FGF acidic and basic lack signal peptides and are secreted by an alternate pathway. The 17 kDa mouse sequence has 98% aa identity with rat, and 95% identity with human, bovine, and sheep FGF basic. Binding of FGF to heparin or cell surface HSPG is necessary for binding, dimerization and activation of tyrosine kinase FGF receptors. FGF basic binds other proteins, polysaccharides and lipids with lower affinity. Expression of FGF basic is nearly ubiquitous but disruption of the mouse FGF basic gene gives a relatively mild phenotype, suggesting compensation by other FGF family members. FGF basic modulates such normal processes as angiogenesis, wound healing and tissue repair, embryonic development and differentiation, neuronal function and neural degeneration. Transgenic overexpression of FGF basic results in excessive proliferation and angiogenesis is reminiscent of a variety of pathological conditions.

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