

## Purified Anti-Human CD206 Antibody[15-2]

catalog number: E-AB-F1161A

**Note:** *Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.*

### Description

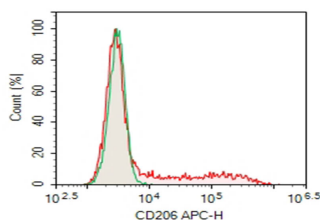
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant Human CD206 protein
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG1, $\kappa$
<b>Clone</b>	15-2
<b>Purification</b>	>98%, Protein A/G purified
<b>Buffer</b>	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% non-protein stabilizer. Dialyze to completely remove the stabilizer prior to labeling.

### Applications

### Recommended Dilution

<b>FCM</b>	2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ ( $0.5 \times 10^6$ - $1 \times 10^6$ cells)
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### Data



HEK293T cells transfected with pcDNA3.1 plasmid encoding Human CD206 gene were stained with 0.2  $\mu\text{g}$  Purified Anti-Human CD206 Antibody[15-2] (Right) and 0.2  $\mu\text{g}$  Mouse IgG1,  $\kappa$  Isotype Control (Left), followed by APC-conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody.

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	Ice bag

### Background

The recognition of complex carbohydrate structures on glycoproteins is an important part of several biological processes, including cell-cell recognition, serum glycoprotein turnover, and neutralization of pathogens. The protein encoded by this gene is a type I membrane receptor that mediates the endocytosis of glycoproteins by macrophages. The protein has been shown to bind high-mannose structures on the surface of potentially pathogenic viruses, bacteria, and fungi so that they can be neutralized by phagocytic engulfment.

### For Research Use Only