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Elab Fluor[®] 488 Anti-Mouse CD3ε Antibody[145-2C11]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1103UL

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Descri	ntion
DESCII	

Reactivity Mouse

Host Armenian Hamster
Isotype Armenian Hamster IgG

Clone No. 145-2C11

Isotype Control Elab Fluor® 488 Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control[PIP] [Product E-AB-F09853L]

Conjugation Elab Fluor® 488

Conjugation Information Elab Fluor® 488 is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using

an optical filter centered near 520 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).

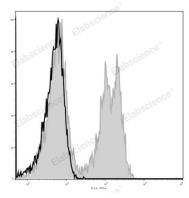
Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1 μ g/10⁶ cells in 100 μ L volume].

Data



C57BL/6 murine splenocytes are stained with Elab Fluor[®] 488 Anti-Mouse CD3ε Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained splenocytes (empty black histogram) are used as control.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names CD3E;CD3e;T-cell surface antigen T3/Leu-4 epsilon chain;T-cell surface glycoprotein

Web: www.elabscience.cn

CD3 epsilon chain;T3E

 Uniprot ID
 P22646

 Gene ID
 12501

For Research Use Only



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Background

CD3 ϵ is a 20 kD transmembrane protein, also known as CD3 or T3. It is a member of the lg superfamily and primarily expressed on T cells, NK-T cells, and at different levels on thymocytes during T cell differentiation. CD3 ϵ forms a TCR complex by associating with the CD3 δ , γ and ζ chains, as well as the TCR α/β or γ/δ chains. CD3 plays a critical role in TCR signal transduction, T cell activation, and antigen recognition by binding the peptide/MHC antigen complex.