

Biotin Anti-Mouse CD8a Antibody[53-6.7]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1104B

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG2a, κ
Clone No.	53-6.7
Isotype Control	Biotin Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product E-AB-F09833B]
Conjugation	Biotin
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer.

Applications

Recommended usage

FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 1.0 \mu\text{g}$ per 10^6 cells in 100 μL volume or 100 μL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
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Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 24 months. Do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	CD8A;MAL;T-cell surface glycoprotein CD8 alpha chain;T-lymphocyte differentiation antigen T8/Leu-2
Uniprot ID	P01731
Gene ID	12525
Background	CD8, also known as Lyt-2, Ly-2, or T8, consists of disulfide-linked α and β chains that form the $\alpha(\text{CD8a})/\beta(\text{CD8b})$ heterodimer and α/α homodimer. CD8a is a 34 kD protein that belongs to the immunoglobulin family. The CD8 α/β heterodimer is expressed on the surface of most thymocytes and a subset of mature TCR α/β T cells. CD8 expression on mature T cells is non-overlapping with CD4. The CD8 α/α homodimer is expressed on a subset of γ/δ TCR-bearing T cells, NK cells, intestinal intraepithelial lymphocytes, and lymphoid dendritic cells. CD8 is an antigen co-receptor on T cells that interacts with MHC class I on antigen-presenting cells or epithelial cells. CD8 promotes T cell activation through its association with the TCR complex and protein tyrosine kinase lck.

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