Elabscience®

MBL2/MBP-C Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: D-AB-10438L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description			
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat		
Immunogen	Recombinant Human MBL	Recombinant Human MBL2/MBP-C protein expressed by E.coli	
Host	Rabbit		
Isotype	IgG	IgG	
Purification	Antigen Affinity Purification	Antigen Affinity Purification	
Conjugation	Unconjugated		
Buffer	PBS with 0.05% Proclin300	PBS with 0.05% Proclin300, 1% protective protein and 50% glycerol, pH7.4	
Applications	Recommended Dilution		
WB	1:500-1:1000		
Data			
	830a- 1330a- 230a- 1380a- 180a-	400- 130- 230- 190-	
Western blot with MBL2/MBP-C Polyclonal antibody at		Western blot with MBL2/MBP-C Polyclonal antibody at	
dilution of 1:1000.lane 1:Human plasma,lane 2:HepG2 whole		dilution of 1:1000.lane 1:Mouse liver,lane 2:Mouse	
cell lysate		kidney, lane 3: Rat kidney	
Observed-MW:26 kDa		Observed-MW:26 kDa	
Calculated-MW:26 kDa		Calculated-MW:26 kDa	
Preparation & Stor	age		
Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 r	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.	
Shipping	The product is shipped with	The product is shipped with ice pack,upon receipt,store it immediately at the	
	temperature recommended		

Background

Mannose-binding Lectin (MBL) is an acute phase protein bearing to the family of collectins produced by the liver as a monomer that forms a triple helix. Once released in serum, it further polymerizes forming dimers to octamers. The degree of serum polymerization is critical for the biological activity of MBL. MBL has higher affinity to microbial polysaccharides or their glycoconjugates. MBL was shown earlier to bind cell surfaces of bacteria, fungi, protozoa and viruses and acts as an acute-phase plasma protein (APP) during infection and inflammation. MBL activates the lectin-complement pathway, promotes opsonophagocytosis and modulates inflammation.