

(FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. DO NOT USE IT IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSIS !)

**Catalog No: E-BC-K775-M**

**Specification: 48T(32 samples)/96T(80 samples)**

**Measuring instrument: Microplate reader (575-585 nm)**

**Detection range: 0.18-5  $\mu\text{mol/L}$**

## **Elabsience<sup>®</sup> Cell Copper ( $\text{Cu}^{2+}$ ) Colorimetric Assay Kit (Complexing Method)**

This manual must be read attentively and completely before using this product.

If you have any problem, please contact our Technical Service Center for help:

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623

Tell: 1-832-243-6086

Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Email: [techsupport@elabsience.com](mailto:techsupport@elabsience.com)

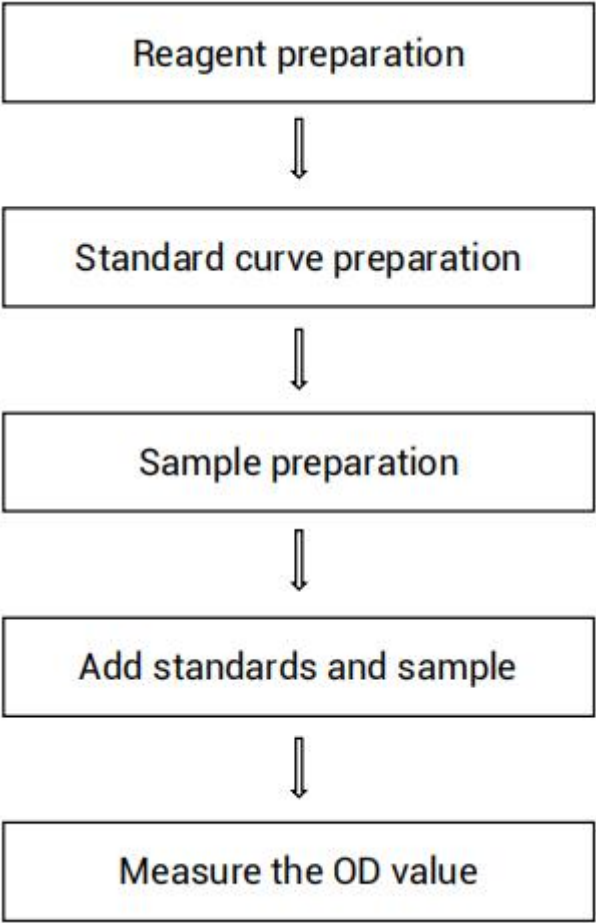
Website: [www.elabsience.com](http://www.elabsience.com)

Please kindly provide us the lot number (on the outside of the box) of the kit for more efficient service.

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**Assay summary**



## Intended use

This kit is used to measure copper ion content in cell sample.

## Detection principle

In acidic condition, the copper ion in the sample react with complexing agent to form a purple complex which has a maximum absorption peak at 580 nm. And copper ion content can be calculated indirectly by measuring the OD value at 580 nm.

## Kit components & storage

Item	Component	Size 1(48 T)	Size 2(96 T)	Storage
Reagent 1	Chromogenic Agent A	3.5 mL × 1 vial	7 mL × 1 vial	2-8℃, 12 months, shading light
Reagent 2	Chromogenic Agent B	Powder × 1 vial	Powder × 2 vials	2-8℃, 12 months, shading light
Reagent 3	5 μmol/L Copper Standard	5 mL × 1 vial	5 mL × 1 vial	2-8℃, 12 months
Reagent 4	Lysis Buffer	12 mL × 1 vial	24 mL × 1 vial	2-8℃, 12 months, shading light
	Microplate	48 wells	96 wells	No requirement
	Plate Sealer	2 pieces		
	Sample Layout Sheet	1 piece		

Note: The reagents must be stored strictly according to the preservation conditions in the above table. The reagents in different kits cannot be mixed with each other. For a small volume of reagents, please centrifuge before use, so as not to obtain sufficient amount of reagents.

## Materials prepared by users

### Instruments:

Microplate reader (575-585 nm, optimum wavelength: 580 nm),

Micropipettor, Vortex mixer, Incubator

### Reagent preparation

① Incubate chromogenic agent A at 37°C until clarified and equilibrate other reagents to room temperature before use.

② Preparation of chromogenic agent B working solution:

Dissolve one vial of chromogenic agent B with 250  $\mu\text{L}$  of double distilled water, mix well to dissolve. Aliquotted store at -20°C for 1 month.

③ Preparation of chromogenic solution:

Before testing, please prepare sufficient chromogenic solution according to the test wells. For example, prepare 75  $\mu\text{L}$  of chromogenic solution (mix well 70  $\mu\text{L}$  of chromogenic agent A and 5  $\mu\text{L}$  of chromogenic agent B working solution, mix well. The chromogenic solution should be prepared on spot.

④ The preparation of standard curve:

Always prepare a fresh set of standards. Discard working standard dilutions after use.

Dilute 5  $\mu\text{mol/L}$  Copper Standard with double distilled water to a serial concentration. The recommended dilution gradient is as follows: 0, 0.5, 1, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ . Reference is as follows:

Item	①	②	③	④	⑤	⑥	⑦	⑧
Concentration ( $\mu\text{mol/L}$ )	0	0.5	1	2	2.5	3	4	5
5 $\mu\text{mol/L}$ Copper Standard ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	0	40	80	160	200	240	320	400
Double distilled water ( $\mu\text{L}$ )	400	360	320	240	200	160	80	0

## Sample preparation

### ① Sample preparation

#### Cell (adherent or suspension) samples:

- ① Harvest the number of cells needed for each assay (initial recommendation  $2 \times 10^6$  cells).
- ② Wash cells with PBS (0.01 M, pH 7.4).
- ③ Lyse  $2 \times 10^6$  cells with 200  $\mu$ L lysis buffer. Place on the ice box and mix well every 5 min, lyse for 10 min.
- ④ Centrifuge at  $12000 \times g$  for 10 minutes to remove insoluble material. Collect supernatant and keep it on ice for detection.
- ⑤ Meanwhile, determine the protein concentration of supernatant (E-BC-K318-M).

### ② Dilution of sample

The recommended dilution factor for different samples is as follows (for reference only):

Sample type	Dilution factor
293T cell	1
Molt-4 cell	1
Jurkat cell	1
Hela cell	1

Note: The diluent is double distilled water. For the dilution of other sample types, please do pretest to confirm the dilution factor.

## The key points of the assay

- ① Use fresh cell samples for experiments.
- ② Avoid bubbles when adding liquid to the plate.
- ③ Carry the assay in a ventilated place.

## Operating steps

- ① Standard well: Take 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of standard solution with different concentrations into the wells.  
Sample well: Take 100  $\mu\text{L}$  of sample into the wells.
- ② Add 50  $\mu\text{L}$  of Chromogenic solution into each tube.
- ③ Cover the plate with sealer and incubate at  $37^{\circ}\text{C}$  for 5 min.
- ④ Measure the OD value at 580 nm with microplate reader.

## Calculation

### The standard curve:

1. Average the duplicate reading for each standard.
2. Subtract the mean OD value of the blank (Standard # ①) from all standard readings. This is the absolved OD value.
3. Plot the standard curve by using absolved OD value of standard and correspondent concentration as y-axis and x-axis respectively. Create the standard curve ( $y = ax + b$ ) with graph software (or EXCEL).

### The sample:

$$\text{Cu content } (\mu\text{mol/gprot}) = (\Delta A_{580} - b) \div a \times f \div C_{pr}$$

### [Note]

f: Dilution factor of sample before tested.

$\Delta A_{580}$ :  $OD_{\text{Sample}} - OD_{\text{Blank}}$  ( $OD_{\text{Blank}}$  is the OD value when the standard concentration is 0).

$C_{pr}$ : The concentration of protein in sample, gprot/L.

## Appendix I Performance Characteristics

### 1. Parameter:

#### Intra-assay Precision

Three 239T cell samples were assayed in replicates of 20 to determine precision within an assay (CV = Coefficient of Variation).

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean ( $\mu\text{mol/L}$ )	1.70	2.60	4.30
%CV	3.2	3.1	2.7

#### Inter-assay Precision

Three 239T cell samples were assayed 20 times in duplicate by three operators to determine precision between assays.

Parameters	Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3
Mean ( $\mu\text{mol/L}$ )	1.70	2.60	4.30
%CV	2.8	3.0	3.5

#### Recovery

Take three samples of high concentration, middle concentration and low concentration to test the samples of each concentration for 6 times parallelly to get the average recovery rate of 105%.

	Standard 1	Standard 2	Standard 3
Expected Conc. ( $\mu\text{mol/L}$ )	0.8	2.2	3.6
Observed Conc. ( $\mu\text{mol/L}$ )	0.8	2.3	3.9
Recovery rate(%)	101	106	108

#### Sensitivity

The analytical sensitivity of the assay is 0.18  $\mu\text{mol/L}$ . This was determined by adding two standard deviations to the mean O.D. obtained when the zero standard was assayed 20 times, and calculating the

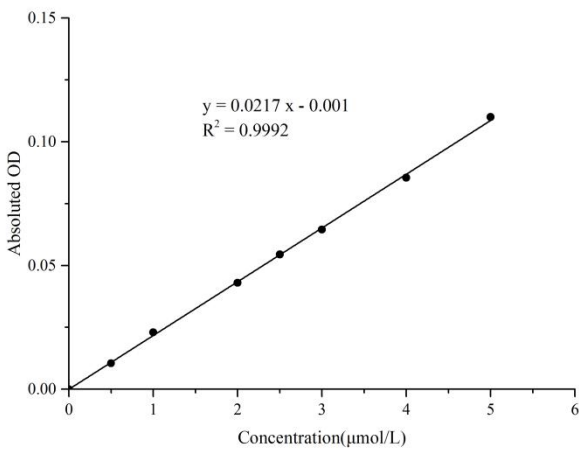


corresponding concentration.

**2. Standard curve:**

As the OD value of the standard curve may vary according to the conditions of the actual assay performance (e.g. operator, pipetting technique or temperature effects), so the standard curve and data are provided as below for reference only:

Concentration (μmol/L)	0	0.5	1	2	2.5	3	4	5
Average OD	0.049	0.059	0.072	0.092	0.103	0.113	0.134	0.159
Absoluted OD	0.000	0.011	0.023	0.043	0.055	0.065	0.086	0.110



## Appendix II Example Analysis

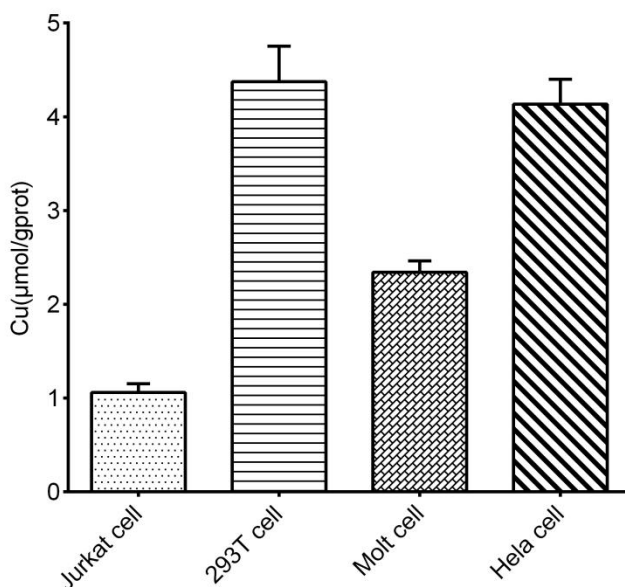
### Example analysis:

For Molt-4 cells, take  $2 \times 10^6$  Molt-4 cells, add 0.2 mL lysis buffer, process sample and take 100  $\mu$ L cell homogenate supernatant, carry the assay according to the operation table. The results are as follows:

standard curve:  $y = 0.0217x - 0.001$ , the OD value of the sample is 0.086, the OD value of the blank is 0.049, the concentration of protein in sample is 0.70 gprot/L, and the calculation result is:

$$\text{Cu content } (\mu\text{mol/gprot}) = (0.086 - 0.049 + 0.001) \div 0.0217 \div 0.70 = 2.50 \mu\text{mol/gprot}$$

Detect Molt-4 cells (the number of cells is  $2 \times 10^6$ ), Jurkat cells (the number of cells is  $2 \times 10^6$ ), 293T cells (the number of cells is  $2 \times 10^6$ ) and Hela cells (the number of cells is  $2 \times 10^6$ ) according to the protocol, the result is as follows:



## Statement

1. This assay kit is for Research Use Only. We will not response for any arising problems or legal responsibilities causing by using the kit for clinical diagnosis or other purpose.
2. Please read the instructions carefully and adjust the instruments before the experiments. Please follow the instructions strictly during the experiments.
3. Protection methods must be taken by wearing lab coat and latex gloves.
4. If the concentration of substance is not within the detection range exactly, an extra dilution or concentration should be taken for the sample.
5. It is recommended to take a pre-test if your sample is not listed in the instruction book.
6. The experimental results are closely related to the situation of reagents, operations, environment and so on. Elabscience will guarantee the quality of the kits only, and NOT be responsible for the sample consumption caused by using the assay kits. It is better to calculate the possible usage of sample and reserve sufficient samples before use.

