Recombinant Rat CD16a/FCGR3A Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSR030403

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Species	Rat
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Rat CD16a/FCGR3A protein Met 1-Pro 200, with an C-terminal
	His
Calculated MW	21.7 kDa
Observed MW	28-33 kDa
Accession	XP_008767961.1
Bio-activity	Immobilized rat FCGR3A-His at 10 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind biotinylated human
	IgG1, The EC ₅₀ of biotinylated human IgG1 is 59.0-139.0 ng/ml.
Properties	
Purity	> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization.
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	
	KDa M
	116
	66.2
	45.0
	35.0

> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

25.0

18.4 14.4

Background

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The Fc receptor with low affinity for IgG (FCGR3, or CD16) is encoded by 2 nearly identical genes, FCGR3A and FCGR3 B, resulting in tissue-specific expression of alternative membrane-anchored isoforms. FCGR3A, it is also known as CD16 a, encodes a transmembrane protein expressed on activated monocytes/macrophages, natural killer (NK) cells, and a subset of T cells.

CD16a / FCGR3A is a receptor expressed on NK cells that facilitates antibody dependent cellular cytotoxicity (ADCC) by binding to the Fc portion of various antibodies. CD16a / FCGR3A also has a broader function. CD16a / FCGR3A is directly involved in the lysis of some virus-infected cells and tumor cells by NK cells, independent of antibody binding. Cross-linking of CD16a / FCGR3A on NK cells resulted in increased intracellular Ca2+ levels and a cascade of biochemical events similar to those activated by the T cell receptor. CD16a / FCGR3A on human NK cells is a lysis receptor that mediates the direct killing of some virus infected and tumor cells, independent of antibody ligation.