

Recombinant Mouse TGFBR2 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM041170

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

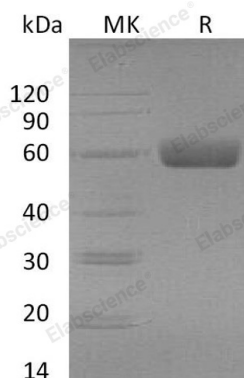
Description

Species	Mouse
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Mouse TGFBR2 protein Ile24-Asp159, with an C-terminal Fc
Calculated MW	42.3 kDa
Observed MW	55-65 kDa
Accession	Q62312-2
Bio-activity	Measured by its ability to inhibit TGF-beta 1 activity on TF- 1 human erythroleukemic cells. The ED ₅₀ for this effect is 69.07 ng/ml in the presence of 1ng/ml of recombinant human TGF-beta 1.

Properties

Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



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Background

For Research Use Only

Transforming growth factor- β (TGF- β) is an essential regulator in the processes of development, cell proliferation, and extracellular matrix deposition. TGF- β regulates cellular processes by binding to three high-affinity cell surface receptors: TGF- β receptor type I (TGF- β -RI), TGF- β receptor type II (TGF- β -RII), and TGF- β receptor type III (TGF- β -RIII). TGF- β RII is consists of a C-terminal protein kinase domain and an N-terminal ectodomain and belongs to transforming growth factor-beta (TGF- β) receptor subfamily. TGF- β RII has a protein kinase domain which can form a heterodimeric complex with another receptor protein and bind TGF-beta. This receptor/ligand complex phosphorylates protein will enter the nucleus and regulate the transcription of a subset of genes related to cell proliferation.