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### **Rat E-Cad Antibody Pair Set**

Catalog No.E-KAB-0374ApplicationsELISASynonymsCDH1, Arc-1, CD324, CDHE, LCAM, UVO, CAM 120/80, Epithelial Cadherin, Uvomorulin

#### **Kit components & Storage**

Title	Specifications	Storage
Rat E-Cad Capture Antibody	1 vial, 100 µ g	Store at $-20^{\circ}$ C for one year.
		Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
Rat E-Cad Detection Antibody (Biotin)	1 vial, 50 μL	Store at -20°C for one year.
		Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Product Information**

Items		Characteristic (E-KAB-0374)		
		Rat E-Cad Capture Antibody	Rat E-Cad Detection Antibody (Biotin)	
Immunogen	Immunogen	Recombinant Rat E-Cad protein	Recombinant Rat E-Cad protein	
Information	Swissprot	Q9R0T4		
Product details	Reactivity	Rat	Rat	
	Host	Rabbit	Rabbit	
	Conjugation	Unconjugated	Biotin	
	Concentration	0.5mg/mL	/	
	Buffer	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300, 50%	PBS with 0.04% Proclin 300, 1%	
		glycerol, pH 7.4	protective protein, 50% glycerol, pH	
			7.4	
	Purify	Protein A & Antigen Affinity	Protein A & Antigen Affinity	
	Specificity	Detects Rat E-Cad in ELISAs.		

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### Applications

Rat E-Cad Sandwich ELISA Assay:

	Recommended	Reagent	Images
	Concentration/Dilution		
ELISA	0.5-4µg/mL	Rat E-Cad Capture Antibody	
Capture			
ELISA	1:1000-1:10000	Rat E-Cad Detection Antibody	Optical Density
Detection		(Biotin)	

Note: This standard curve is only for demonstration purposes. A standard curve should be generated for each assay!

#### Background

This gene is a classical cadherin from the cadherin superfamily. The encoded protein is a calcium dependent cell-cell adhesion glycoprotein comprised of five extracellular cadherin repeats, a transmembrane region and a highly conserved cytoplasmic tail. Mutations in this gene are correlated with gastric, breast, colorectal, thyroid and ovarian cancer. Loss of function is thought to contribute to progression in cancer by increasing proliferation, invasion, and/or metastasis. The ectodomain of this protein mediates bacterial adhesion to mammalian cells and the cytoplasmic domain is required for internalization. Identified transcript variants arise from mutation at consensus splice sites.

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