

Elab Fluor® 647 Anti-Human CD55 Antibody[HI55a]

Catalog Number: AN00336M

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

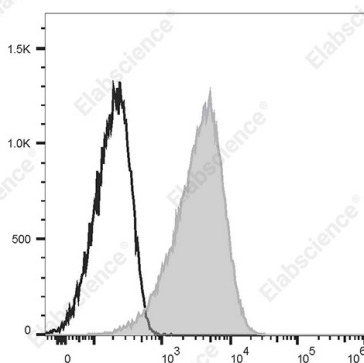
Description

Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG2a, κ
Clone No.	HI55a
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® 647 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802M]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® 647
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® 647 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 670 nm (e.g., a 660/20 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide.

Applications Recommended usage

FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.
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Data



Staining of normal human peripheral blood cells with Elab Fluor® 647 Anti-Human CD55 Antibody[HI55a] (filled gray histogram) or Elab Fluor® 647 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram). Cells in the lymphocytes gate were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	Complement decay-accelerating factor;CD55;CR;DAF;CD55抗体;CD55流式抗体;人CD55;人CD55抗体;人CD55流式抗体;AN00336
Uniprot ID	P13591

For Research Use Only

Gene ID

1604

Background

CD55 is a 60-70 kD glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored single chain glycoprotein also known as decay-accelerating factor (DAF). It is expressed on hematopoietic cells including erythrocytes and many non-hematopoietic cells. CD55 accelerates the dissociation of the components of the C3-convertases (namely C2a from C4b in the C4bC2a complex, a C3-convertase of the classical pathway, and factor Bb from the C3bBb complex, a C3-convertase of the alternative pathway) to protect cells from inappropriate damage caused by autologous complement. CD55 has been reported to reduce the efficiency of NK cell lysis and induce signal transduction in T cells. CD55 has also been shown to interact with CD97 and bind to Cocksackie and Echovirus.