A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant Rat Growth Hormone Receptor/GHR Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSR030393

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Species Rat

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Rat Growth Hormone Receptor/GHR protein Met1-Arg265, with

an C-terminal hFc

Calculated MW 55.4 kDa Observed MW 66 kDa Accession P16310-1

Measured by its ability to inhibit proliferation of INS-1 cells induced by human growth **Bio-activity**

hormone. The ED₅₀ for this effect is $0.075-0.3 \mu g/mL$ in the presence of 50 ng/mL

human growth hormone.

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method. Endotoxin

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 Storage

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. Shipping

Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 **Formulation**

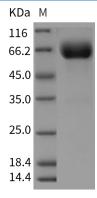
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

For Research Use Only

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



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Growth hormone receptor, also known as GH receptor and GHR, is a single-pass type I membrane protein which belongs to thetype I cytokine receptor family and type 1 subfamily. GHR contains one fibronectin type-III domain. Growth hormone receptor / GHR is expressed in various tissues with high expression in liver and skeletal muscle. Isoform4of GHR is predominantly expressed in kidney, bladder, adrenal gland and brain stem. Isoform1 expression of GHR in placenta is predominant in chorion and decidua. Isoform4is highly expressed in placental villi. Isoform2of GHR is expressed in lung, stomach and muscle. Growth hormone receptor / GHR is a receptor for pituitary gland growth hormone. It is involved in regulating postnatal body growth. On ligand binding, it couples to the JAK2 / STAT5 pathway. Isoform2of GHR up-regulates the production of GHBP and acts as a negative inhibitor of GH signaling. Defects in GHR are a cause of Laron syndrome (LARS) which is a severe form of growth hormone insensitivity characterized by growth impairment, short stature, dysfunctional growth hormone receptor, and failure to generate insulin-like growth factor I in response to growth hormone. Defects in GHR may also be a cause of idiopathic short stature autosomal (ISSA) which is defined by a subnormal rate of growth.

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