

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

APC Anti-Human CD206/MMR Antibody[15-2]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1161E

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human Mouse Host

Isotype Mouse IgG1, ĸ

Clone No. 15-2

APC Mouse IgG1, k Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792E] Isotype Control

Conjugation

Conjugation Information APC is designed to be excited by the Red (627-640 nm) laser and detected using an

optical filter centered near 660 nm (e.g., a 660/20 nm bandpass filter).

Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein

protectant.

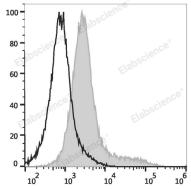
Applications

Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



HEK293T cells transiently transfected with pcDNA3.1 plasmid encoding Human CD206 gene are stained with APC Anti-Human CD206 Antibody (filled gray histogram) or APC Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names CLEC13D;CLEC13DL;MMR;MRC1L1;hMR

Uniprot ID P22897 Gene ID 4360

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Web:www.elabscience.com

Email:techsupport@elabscience.com

Elabscience®

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Background

Macrophage mannose receptor (MMR) is a 162-175 kD type I membrane protein also known as CD206, MRC1, or mannose receptor (MR). It is a pattern recognition receptor (PRR) that belongs to C-type lectin superfamily. MMR is expressed on macrophages, dendritic cells, and hepatic or lymphatic endothelial cells, but not on monocytes. MMR recognizes a range of microbial carbohydrates bearing mannose, fucose, or N-acetyl glucosamine. MMR mediates endocytosis and phagocytosis, induces activation of macrophages and antigen presentation, plays an important role in host defense, and provides a link between innate and adaptive immunity.

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:www.elabscience.com

Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Email:techsupport@elabscience.com

Rev. V1.4