## HIF1 bata Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-22189



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description			
Reactivity	Mouse	Mouse	
Immunogen	Recombinant Protein	Recombinant Protein	
Host	Mouse	Mouse	
Isotype	IgG	IgG	
Clone	4C5	4C5	
Purification	Protein A purification		
Conjugation	Unconjugated	Unconjugated	
buffer	Phosphate buffered solu	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer, 0.5% protein	
	protectant and 50% glyc	protectant and 50% glycerol.	
Applications	Recommended Dilu	Recommended Dilution	
WB	1:1000-2000	1:1000-2000	
IHC	1:100-200		
Data			
14. Western Blot analysi Monoclonal Ar	s of Mouse brain using HIF1 bata tibody at dilution of 1:2000.	Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Mouse brain tissue using HIF1 bata Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of	
Observed-MV:87 kDa		1:200.	
Preparation & Storage			
Storage	Store at -20°C Valid for 1	Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.	
Shipping	The product is shipped v	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the	
	temperature recommende	temperature recommended.	

## Background

Hypoxia-inducible factor 1 (HIF1) is a heterodimeric transcription factor that plays a critical role in the cellular response to hypoxia (1). The HIF1 complex consists of two subunits, HIF-1 $\alpha$  and HIF-1 $\beta$ , which are basic helix-loop-helix proteins of the PAS (Per, ARNT, Sim) family (2). HIF1 regulates the transcription of a broad range of genes that facilitate responses to the hypoxic environment, including genes regulating angiogenesis, erythropoiesis, cell cycle, metabolism and apoptosis. The widely expressed HIF-1 $\alpha$  is typically degraded rapidly in normoxic cells by the ubiquitin/proteasomal pathway. Under normoxic conditions, HIF-1 $\alpha$  is proline hydroxylated leading to a conformational change that promotes binding to the von Hippel Lindau protein (VLH) E3 ligase complex, ubiquitination and proteasomal degradation follows ( 3,4). Both hypoxic conditions and chemical hydroxylase inhibitors (such as desferrioxamine and cobalt) inhibit HIF-1 $\alpha$ degradation and lead to its stabilization. In addition, HIF-1 $\alpha$  can be induced in an oxygen-independent manner by various cytokines through the PI3K-AKT-mTOR pathway (5-7).HIF-1 $\beta$  is also known as AhR nuclear translocator ( ARNT) due to its ability to partner with the aryl hydrocarbon receptor (AhR) to form a heterodimeric transcription factor complex (8). Together with AhR, HIF-1 $\beta$  plays an important role in xenobiotics metabolism (8).

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