

Elab Fluor® 488 Anti-Mouse CD11c Antibody[N418]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F0991L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Armenian Hamster
Isotype	Armenian Hamster IgG
Clone No.	N418
Isotype Control	[Product E-AB-F09852L]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® 488
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® 488 is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 520 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

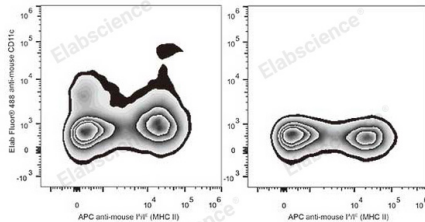
Applications

Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 µL staining volume or per 100 µL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



C57BL/6 murine splenocytes are stained with Elab Fluor® 488 Anti-Mouse CD11c Antibody and APC Anti-Mouse MHC II (I-A/I-E) Antibody (Left). Splenocytes stained with APC Anti-Mouse MHC II (I-A/I-E) Antibody (Right) are used as control.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	CD11 antigen-like family member C;CD11c;Integrin alpha-X;Itgax;Leukocyte adhesion receptor p150+95
Uniprot ID	Q9QXH4

For Research Use Only

Gene ID

16411

Background

CD11c is a 150 kD glycoprotein also known as α X integrin, CR4, and p150. CD11c forms a α X β 2 heterodimer with β 2 integrin (CD18). It is primarily expressed on dendritic cells, NK cells, a subset of intestinal intraepithelial lymphocytes (IEL), and some activated T cells. The α X β 2 integrin plays an important role in cell-cell contact by binding its ligands: iC3b, fibrinogen and CD54.