## **Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.**



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

# **PLAUR Polyclonal Antibody**

catalog number: E-AB-10547

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Description**

**Reactivity** Human

Immunogen Recombinant protein of human PLAUR

Host Rabbit Isotype IgG

PurificationAffinity purificationConjugationUnconjugated

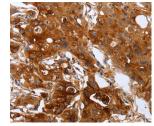
**Buffer** Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

# Applications Recommended Dilution

**WB** 1:500-1:2000 **IHC** 1:50-1:200

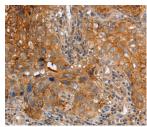
#### Data

kDa 70— 55— 40— 35— 25—



Western Blot analysis of A549 cell using PLAUR Polyclonal
Antibody at dilution of 1:450

Calculated-MW:37 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer using PLAUR Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60

Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer using PLAUR Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60

#### Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

**Shipping** The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

#### Background

#### For Research Use Only

# Elabscience®

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This gene encodes the receptor for urokinase plasminogen activator and, given its role in localizing and promoting plasmin formation, likely influences many normal and pathological processes related to cell-surface plasminogen activation and localized degradation of the extracellular matrix. It binds both the proprotein and mature forms of urokinase plasminogen activator and permits the activation of the receptor-bound pro-enzyme by plasmin. The protein lacks transmembrane or cytoplasmic domains and may be anchored to the plasma membrane by a glycosyl-phosphatidylinositol (GPI) moiety following cleavage of the nascent polypeptide near its carboxy-terminus. However, a soluble protein is also produced in some cell types. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms. The proprotein experiences several post-translational cleavage reactions that have not yet been fully defined.

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