A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant Human Noggin protein(Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH034199

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Species Human

Source HEK293 Cells-derived Human Noggin protein Gln 28-Cys 232, with an C-terminal Fc

Calculated MW 24 kDa
Observed MW 27 kDa
Accession Q13253

Bio-activity Measure by its ability to inhibit BMP-4-induced alkaline phosphatase production by

ATDC5 cells. The ED₅₀ for this effect is $<0.05 \mu g/mL$ in the presence of 50 ng/mL of

recombinant human BMP-4.

Properties

Purity > 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 0.1 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4.

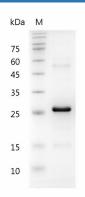
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Elabscience®

Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

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Noggin is a secreted protein involved at multiple stages of vertebrate embryonic development including neural induction and is known to exert its effects by inhibiting the bone morphogenetic protein (BMP)-signaling pathway. It binds several BMPs with very high (picomolar) affinities; with a marked preference for BMP2 and BMP4 over BMP7. By binding tightly to BMPs; Noggin prevents BMPs from binding their receptors. Noggin binds the bone morphogenetic proteins (BMP) such as BMP-4 and BMP-7; and inhibits BMP signaling by blocking the molecular interfaces of the binding epitopes for both type I and type II receptors. Interaction of BMP and its antagonist Noggin governs various developmental and cellular processes; including embryonic dorsal-ventral axis; induction of neural tissue; formation of joints in the skeletal system and neurogenesis in the adult brain. Noggin plays a key role in neural induction by inhibiting BMP4; along with other TGF-β signaling inhibitors such as chordin and follistatin. Mouse knockout experiments have demonstrated that noggin also plays a crucial role in bone development; joint formation; and neural tube fusion.