A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

ITLN1 Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-68401

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Mouse;Rat

Immunogen Recombinant fusion protein of human ITLN1

Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG

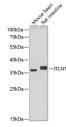
Purification Affinity purification

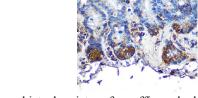
Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer and 50% glycerol.

Applications Recommended Dilution

WB 1:500-1:2000 IHC 1:50-1:200 IF 1:50-1:200

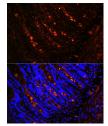
Data

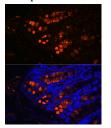




Western blot analysis of extracts of various cell lines using ITLN1 Polyclonal Antibody at 1:1000 dilution.

Observed-MW:37 kDa Calculated-MW:34 kDa Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded mouse intestin using ITLN1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Perform microwave antigen retrieval with 10 mM PBS buffer pH 7.2 before commencing with IHC staining protocol.





Immunofluorescence analysis of rat intestine using ITLN1 Polyclonal antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Immunofluorescence analysis of mouse colon using ITLN1 Polyclonal antibody at dilution of 1:100 (40x lens). Blue: DAPI for nuclear staining.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:www.elabscience.com

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Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



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Intelectin-1(ITLN1) is a secreted protein and contains 1 fibrinogen C-terminal domain. Intelectin-1 is a 40 kDaCa-dependent galactofuranose-binding lectin that is not a C-type lectin. It is expressed on multiple cell typesand appears to participate in insulin signaling and microbe recognition. The protein has no effect on basalglucose uptake but enhances insulin-stimulated glucose uptake in adipocytes. It increases AKT phosphorylationin the absence and presence of insulin and it may play a role in the defense systemagainst microorganisms. Italso may specifically recognize carbohydrate chains of pathogens and bacterial components containinggalactofuranosy l residues, in a calcium-dependent manner.

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