

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Phospho-GSK3 beta (Ser9) Polyclonal Antibody

catalog number: E-AB-20886

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human; Mouse; Rat

Immunogen Synthesized peptide derived from human GSK3β around the phosphorylation site of

Ser9

Host Rabbit IgG **Is otype**

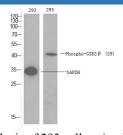
Purification Affinity purification

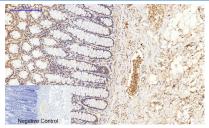
Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.4, containing 0.05% stabilizer, 0.5% protein

protectant and 50% glycerol.

Applications	Recommended Dilution	
WB	1:500-1:2000	
IHC	1:100-1:300	
IF	1:100-1:300	

Data

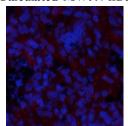




(Ser9) Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000

Western Blot analysis of 293 cells using Phospho-GSK3 beta Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon tissue using Phospho-GSK3 beta (Ser9) Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200

Observed-MW:48 kDa Calculated-MW:47 kDa



Immunofluorescence analysis of Rat spleen tissue using Phospho-GSK3 beta (Ser9) Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200

Preparation & Storage

Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles. Storage

Shipping The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the

temperature recommended.

Background

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Web:www.elabscience.com Email:techsupport@elabscience.com

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.



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Participates in the Wnt signaling pathway. Implicated in the hormonal control of several regulatory proteins including glycogen synthase, MYB and the transcription factor JUN. Phosphorylates JUN at sites proximal to its DNA-binding domain, thereby reducing its affinity for DNA. Phosphorylates MUC1 in breast cancer cells, and decreases the interaction of MUC1 with CTNNB1/beta-catenin. Phosphorylates CTNNB1/beta-catenin. Phosphorylates SNAI1. Plays an important role in ERBB2-dependent stabilization of microtubules at the cell cortex. Prevents the phosphorylation of APC and CLASP2, allowing its association with the cell membrane. In turn, membrane-bound APC allows the localization of MACF1 to the cell membrane, which is required for microtubule capture and stabilization. Phosphorylates MACF1 and this phosphorylation inhibits the binding of MACF1 to microtubules which is critical for its role in bulge stem cell migration and skin wound repair.

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