Elabscience®

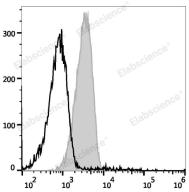
PE Anti-Mouse CD119 Antibody[GR-20]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1115D

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat lgG2a, ĸ
Clone No.	GR-20
Isotype Control	PE Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product E-AB-F09832D]
Conjugation	PE
Conjugation Information	PE is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and Yellow-Green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 575 nm (e.g., a 585/42 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.
Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Raw264.7 cells are stained with PE Anti-Mouse CD119 Antibody (filled gray histogram) or PE Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram).

Preparation & Storag	ge
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged
	exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	CD119;IFN-gamma-R-alpha;IFN-gamma-R1;Ifngr1;Interferon gamma receptor 1
Uniprot ID	P15261
Gene ID	15979

For Research Use Only

Elabscience®

Background

Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd. A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

CDw119 is a 90 kD immunoglobulin superfamily member, also known as IFN- γ R α chain. It is a class II cytokine receptor family member that serves as a IFN- γ -binding chain associated with the IFN- γ β chain also known as AF-1. In addition to ligand binding, CDw119 participates in ligand trafficking. CDw119 is expressed on T and B cells, NK cells, fibroblasts, endothelial, and epithelial cells. Binding of IFN- γ induces receptor dimerization, internalization, Jak1 and Jak2 protein kinase activation and, ultimately, STAT1 activation. IFN- γ initiates and regulates a variety of immune responses.