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PE/Cyanine7 Anti-Human CD200/OX2 Antibody[OX-104]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1160H

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human Mouse Host

Isotype Mouse IgG1, ĸ Clone No. OX-104

PE/Cyanine7 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792H] Isotype Control

Conjugation

Conjugation Information PE/Cyanine7 is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and

yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 775 nm

(e.g., a 780/60 nm bandpass filter).

Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer. Storage Buffer

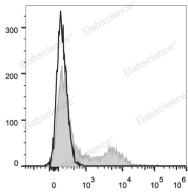
Applications Recommended usage

FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount

of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for

individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with PE/Cyanine7 Anti-Human CD200 Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained lymphocytes (empty black histogram) are used as control.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names CD 200;MOX1;MOX2;My033;OX2

Uniprot ID P41217 Gene ID 4345

For Research Use Only

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Background

CD200, also known as OX2, is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily (lgSF). It is a monomorphic cell surface glycoprotein that is expressed on thymocytes, neurons, endothelium, follicular dendritic cells in all lymphoid organs, a subset of CD34+ progenitor cells, and at low levels on some smooth muscle and B lymphocytes. It is not expressed on NK cells, monocytes, granulocytes, or platelets. CD200 costimulates T cell proliferation. It may regulate myeloid cell activity in a variety of tissues. The interaction between CD200 (OX2) and CD200 receptor (OX2R) system is of importance in the control of macrophage and granulocyte activation, which may contribute to pathways that suppress and limit macrophage induced inflammatory damage in tissue

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