

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant Phospho-S6 Ribosomal Protein (Ser235, Ser236) **Monoclonal Antibody**

catalog number: AN302076L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human;Mouse

Phosphorylated human S6 ribosomal protein (Ser235/236) peptide **Immunogen**

Host Rabbit Isotype lgG, κ A796 Clone

Purification Protein Apurified

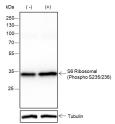
Buffer PBS, 50% glycerol, 0.05% Proclin 300, 0.05% protein protectant.

Applications Recommended Dilution

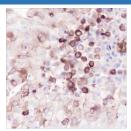
1:500-1:1000 **WB IHC** 1:200-1:1000

IF 1:50

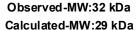
Data

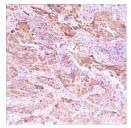


Western Blot with Phospho-S6 Ribosomal Protein (Ser235, Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human breast Ser236) Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:2000. MCF-7+Serum starvation overnight(-)/ MCF-7+Serum starvation overnight, then grown in 20% FBS media for 30 minutes (+)

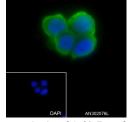


cancer using Phospho-S6 Ribosomal Protein (Ser235, Ser236) Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1: 1000.



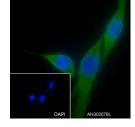


adenocarcinoma using Phospho-S6 Ribosomal Protein



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% Paraformaldehyde) fixed MCF-7 cells using anti-Phospho-S6 Ribosomal Protein (Ser235, Ser236) Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1: 1000. (Ser235, Ser236) Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1: 50.

Rev. V1.0



For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Web: www.elabscience.com Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Elabscience®

Elabscience Bionovation Inc.

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Immunofluorescent analysis of (4% Paraformaldehyde) fixed NIH/3T3 cells using anti-Phospho-S6 Ribosomal Protein (Ser235, Ser236) Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1: 50.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C Valid for 12 months. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bag

Background

Ribosomal Protein S6 (RPS6), a highly conserved component of the eukaryotic 40S small ribosomal subunit, functions as a critical regulatory nexus that translates extracellular and intracellular signals into the control of cell growth and proliferation. This activity is tightly governed by the PI3K/Akt/mTOR signaling cascade, a master regulatory pathway that integrates inputs from growth factors and nutrient availability. In response to mitogenic or anabolic stimuli that activate this pathway, the downstream effector kinase p70 S6K1 mediates the hierarchical phosphorylation of RPS6 on a cluster of serine residues located in its C-terminus, with the phosphorylation of the adjacent serines 235 and 236 representing a canonical hallmark of mTORC1 activation. This specific post-translational modification is mechanistically linked to the primary regulatory function of RPS6, which is to facilitate the selective and efficient translation of a specific cohort of messenger RNAs characterized by a 5' terminal oligopyrimidine tract (5' TOP).