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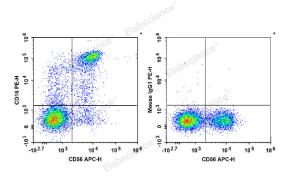
PE Anti-Human CD16 Antibody[3G8]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1236D

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Human;Rhesus;Cynomolgus
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse lgG1, κ
Clone No.	3G8
Isotype Control	PE Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792D]
Conjugation	PE
Conjugation Information Storage Buffer	 PE is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and Yellow-Green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 575 nm (e.g., a 585/42 nm bandpass filter). Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.
Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 µL staining volume or per 100 µL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with APC Anti-Human CD56 Antibody and PE Anti-Human CD16 Antibody (Left). Lymphocytes are stained with APC Anti-Human CD56 Antibody and PE Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (Right).

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	Fc gamma receptor;Fc gamma receptor 3;FcγRIII

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:<u>w w w .elabscience.com</u> Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Email:techsupport@elabscience.com

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Uniprot ID Gene ID Background

P08637;075015

941

CD16 is a 60 kD highly glycosylated protein. It is a member of the lg superfamily and is also known as B7-1, B7, and Ly-53. CD16 is constitutively expressed on dendritic cells and monocytes/macrophages, and inducibly expressed on activated B and T cells. The ligation of CD28 on T cells with CD16 and CD86 (B7-2) on antigen presenting cells (such as dendritic cells, macrophages, and B cells) elicits co-stimulation of T cells resulting in enhanced cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD16 appears to be expressed later in the immune response than CD86. CD16 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.