# **Elabscience**®

# Recombinant Human CDK2AP2 Protein (Human Cells, His Tag)

# Catalog Number: PKSH032232

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Species	Human
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Human CDK2AP2 protein Met 1-Thr126, with an C-terminal His
Calculated MW	14.1 kDa
Observed MW	26 kDa
Accession	O75956
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity
Properties	
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.
	Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants
	before lyophilization.
	Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

#### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# Background

CDK2AP2; also known as DOC1R; is short for cyclin-dependent kinase 2-associated protein 2. The gene CDK2AP2 encodes this protein that interacts with cyclin-dependent kinase 2 associated protein 1. Pseudogenes associated with this gene are located on chromosomes 7 and 9. Alternatively spliced transcript variants have been observed for this gene. It belongs to the CDK2AP family. CDK2AP1 (cyclin-dependent kinase 2-associated protein 1); corresponding to the gene doc-1 (deleted in oral cancer 1); is a tumor suppressor protein. The doc-1 gene is absent or down-regulated in hamster oral cancer cells and in many other cancer cell types. The ubiquitously expressed CDK2AP1 protein is the only known specific inhibitor of CDK2; making it an important component of cell cycle regulation during G(1)-to-S phase transition.

### For Research Use Only

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