

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

# Recombinant Swine GM-CSF protein(His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSS000024

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Descri	ntion
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**Species** Porcine

Source E.coli-derived Porcine GM-CSF protein

 $MWLQNLLLLGTVVCSISAPTRPPSPVTRPWQHVDAIKEALSLLNNSNDTAAVMNE\\ TVDVVCEMFDPQEPTCVQTRLNLYKQGLRGSLTRLKSPLTLLAKHYEQHCPLTEETS$ 

CETQSITFKSFKDSLNKFLFTIPFDCWGPVKK, with an N-terminal His

Calculated MW 17.1 kDa
Accession Q29118

**Bio-activity** Measure by its ability to induce proliferation in TF-1 cells. The ED<sub>50</sub> for this effect is

< 3 ng/mL.

## **Properties**

**Purity** > 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** Please contact us for more information.

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80

°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of

reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

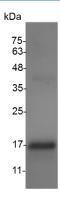
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants

before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

### Data



> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# Background

#### Elabscience Bionovation Inc.

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**Elabscience®** 

Granulocyte-macrophage colony-stimulating factor (GM-CSF) is one of an array of cytokines with pivotal roles in embryo implantation and subsequent development. Several cell lineages in the reproductive tract and gestational tissues synthesise GM-CSF under direction by ovarian steroid hormones and signalling agents originating in male seminal fluid and the conceptus. The pre-implantation embryo, invading placental trophoblast cells and the abundant populations of leukocytes controlling maternal immune tolerance are all subject to GM-CSF regulation. GM-CSF stimulates the differentiation of hematopoietic progenitors to monocytes and neutrophils, and reduces the risk for febrile neutropenia in cancer patients. GM-CSF also has been shown to induce the differentiation of myeloid dendritic cells (DCs) that promote the development of T-helper type 1 immune responses in cognate T cells. As a part of the immune/inflammatory cascade, GM-CSF promotes Th1 biased immune response, angiogenesis, allergic inflammation, and the development of autoimmunity, and thus worthy of consideration for therapeutic target. GM-CSF has been utilized in the clinical management of multiple disease processes. Most recently, GM-CSF has been incorporated into the treatment of malignancies as a sole therapy, as well as a vaccine adjuvant. While the benefits of GM-CSF in this arena have been promising, recent reports have suggested the potential for GM-CSF to induce immune suppression and, thus, negatively impact outcomes in the management of cancer patients.

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