

## Recombinant Mouse CTLA4/CD152 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM040644

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

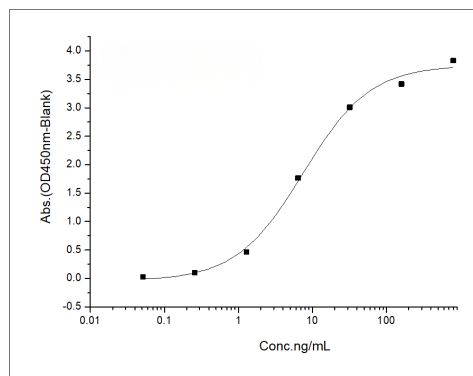
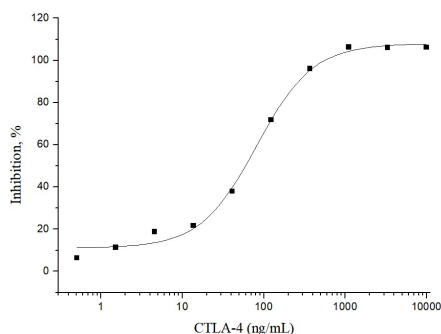
### Description

<b>Species</b>	Mouse
<b>Source</b>	HEK293 Cells-derived Mouse CTLA4/CD152 protein Met 1-Phe 162, with an C-terminal hFc
<b>Calculated MW</b>	41.0 kDa
<b>Observed MW</b>	55 kDa
<b>Accession</b>	NP_033973.2
<b>Bio-activity</b>	Not validated for activity

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
<b>Storage</b>	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

### Data



Measured by its ability to inhibit IL-2 secretion by stimulated Jurkat human acute T cell leukemia cells. The ED<sub>50</sub> for this effect is 0.05-0.3µg/mL when stimulated with 1 µg/mL Recombinant Human B7-1/CD80.

Immobilized Recombinant Mouse CD86 / B7-2 Protein (His Tag) (Cat: PKSM040944) at 2 µg/mL (100 µL/well) can bind Recombinant Mouse CTLA4 / CD152 Protein (ECD, Fc Tag) (Cat: PKSM040644), the EC<sub>50</sub> is 2.0-7.0 ng/mL.

### Background

#### For Research Use Only

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Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4, also known as CTLA4 and CD152, is a single-pass type I membrane protein and a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily. It is the second member of the CD28 receptor family. The ligands or counterreceptors for these two proteins are the B7 family members, CD80 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2). CTLA4 transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells, whereas CD28 transmits a stimulatory signal. Intracellular CTLA4 is also found in regulatory T cells and may play an important role in their functions. CD152 or cytotoxic T lymphocyte antigen-4 (CTLA-4) is an essential receptor involved in the negative regulation of T cell activation. Because of its profound inhibitory role, CD152 has been considered a sound susceptible candidate in autoimmunity and a persuasive target for cancer immunotherapy. In particular, recent evidence suggests that CD152 is also important in the homeostasis and function of a population of suppressive cells, termed regulatory T cells (Treg).

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