Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Purified Anti-Human CD74 Antibody[LL1]

catalog number: E-AB-F14210P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human

Immunogen Recombinant Human CD74 protein

Host Mouse

Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype

Clone LL1

>98%, Protein A/G purified **Purification**

Unconjugated Conjugation

Buffer Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% non-protein stabilizer.

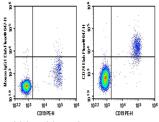
Dialyze to completely remove the stabilizer prior to labeling.

Recommended Dilution Applications

FCM $2 \mu g/mL(0.5 \times 10^6 - 1 \times 10^6 \text{ cells})$

1:200-1:500 WB

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes were stained with 0.2 Western blot with Purified Anti-Human CD74 antibody[LL1] μg Purified Anti-Human CD74 Antibody[LL1] (Right) and 0.2 μg Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (Left), followed by Elab

Fluor® 647-conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG Secondary Antibody, then anti-Human CD19 PE-conjugated Monoclonal Antibody.

at dilution of 1:1000. Lane 1: Raji cell lysate.

Observed-MW:30-35 kDa Calculated-MW:34 kDa

Preparation & Storage

Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze / **Storage**

thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bag

Background

CD74 is a type II transmembrane glycoprotein also known as MHC class II associated invariant chain, invariant chain, li, MHC class II chaperone, and MIF receptor. CD74 exists in four isoforms with molecular masses of 33, 35, 41, and 43 kD, depending on genetic splicing. CD74 is primarily expressed on antigen presenting cells, including B cells, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, and Langerhans cells. It is also expressed by activated T cells and activated endothelial and epithelial cells as well as carcinomas of lung, renal, gastric and thymic origin. The primary function of CD74 is intracellular sorting of MHC class II molecules and regulation of exogenous peptide loading onto MHC class II. It is also involved in the modulation of B cell differentiation and positive selection of CD4+ T cells. It has been reported that CD74 binds MIF (macrophage migration inhibitory factor) and signals through CD44 to regulate innate and adaptive immunity. It is also reported that H. pylori infection occurs through urease B binding of CD74 on gastric epithelial cells, inducing gastric epithelial cell apoptosis, NF-κB activation, and IL-8 production.

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